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"RESIST WITH CARE THE SPIRIT OF INNOVATION UPON THE PRINCIPLES OF YOUR GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER SPECIOUS THE PRETEXTS."—*Washington.*

VOL. LXI. GETTYSBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1860. NO. 6.

Valuable Real Estate
AT PRIVATE SALE.

No. 1.—GREENMOUNT.

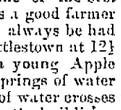
THIS beautiful and very desirable country seat, adjoining the Borough of Gettysburg, on the road leading to Fairfield, is now offered at Private Sale.

The Farm contains 124 ACRES, more or less, 10 to 12 acres of which are in Timber, and about 30 acres of Meadow bottom ; there are two young Apple and Peach Orchards on the premises, the land is the red granite soil, susceptible of a high state of cultivation ;—lime acts well upon it and can always be had at the Railroad Depot, which is in sight, at 12½ cents per bushel.

The Improvements are a large Two Story Weather Boarded House, with Cellar, Back-building, Bake Oven, Smoke House, a large Bank Barn, with Bins, Corn Crib, &c. together with all necessary Out-buildings, in complete order: there is a pump at the door and a never-failing spring of water close by. Willoughby's Run bounds the west end of the Farm. This property will be shown by Mr. J. Scott Wilson living on the premises, or by the subscriber in Gettysburg.

No. 2.—CUMBERLAND FARM.

This Farm is also a handsome and very desirable property, situate on the Taneytown road, four miles from Gettysburg, containing 138 ACRES, more or less. About 30 acres are in Timber and 25 to 30 acres in Meadow. This land is also of the red gravel soil kind, clear of stones, easily cultivated, produces well, and is capable of being highly improved. All it wants to make it one of the best farms in the neighborhood is a good farmer and a little lime, which can always be had either at Gettysburg or at Littlestown at 12½ cents per bushel. There is a young Apple and Peach Orchard and two springs of water near the house, and a stream of water crosses the south end of the farm near the buildings.



The Improvements are a one & a half story stone House, Bake Oven, Smoke House, a large double Barn, with Wagon sheds Corn Crib, Hog Pen, and all necessary Out-buildings, Church, Mill and School House all close by, in a healthy and pleasant neighborhood and good society. This property will be shown by Mr. John Black, adjoining. Terms easy.

☞Persons wishing to purchase will please look at the properties. GEO. ARNOLD.

Gettysburg, Sept. 12.

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Baltimore, Dec. 6. 1y

IF you want to buy the finest and best fitting Ladies' Gaiters, Ladies' Morocco Boots, Gents' fine Calf Boots, Infants' and Youth's Shoes, call at McILHENY'S.

Choice Poetry.

ROCK ME TO SLEEP, MOTHER.

Backward, turn backward, oh Time in your flight,
Make me a child again, just for to-night!
Mother, come back from the echoless shore,
Take me again to your heart as of yore—
Kiss from my forehead the furrows of care,
Smooth the few silver threads out of my hair—
Over my slumbers your loving watch keep—
Rock me to sleep, mother—rock me to sleep.

Backward, flow backward, oh tide of years!
I am so weary of toils and of tears—
Toil without recompense—tears all in vain—
Take them and give back my childhood again!
I have grown weary of dust and decay,
Weary of flinging my soul-wealth away—
Weary of sowing for others to reap,
Rock me to sleep, mother—rock me to sleep.

Tired of the hollow, the base, the untrue,
Mother, oh, mother, my heart calls for you!
Many a summer the grass has grown green,
Blossomed and faded—our faces between—
Yet with strong yearning and passionate pain,
Long I to-night for your presence again,
Come from the silence so long and so deep—
Rock me to sleep, mother—rock me to sleep.

Over my heart in days that are flown,
No love like mother love ever has shone—
No other worship abides and endures,
Faithful, unselfish and patient, like your's.
None like a mother can charm away pain,
From the sick soul and the world-weary brain;
Slumbers soft calm o'er heavy lids creep—
Rock me to sleep, mother—rock me to sleep!

Come, let your brown hair, just lighted with gold,
Fall on your shoulders again as of old—
Let it fall over my forehead to-night,
Shading my faint eyes away from the light—
For with its sunny edged shadows once more,
Haply will throng the sweet visions of yore,
Lovingly, softly, its bright billows sweep—
Rock me to sleep, mother—rock me to sleep!

Mother, dear mother, the years have been long,
Since I last hushed to your lullaby song—
Sing them, and unto my soul it shall seem
Womanhood's years have been but a dream;
Clasp to your arms in a loving embrace,
With your light laughs just sweeping my face,
Never hereafter to wake or to weep—
Rock me to sleep, mother—rock me to sleep!

Miscellaneous.

One Way and the Other.

"Father," said a woman to her husband one morning, "the boys want some new shoes."

"Want, want—always wanting!" said the man, in a cross tone "I've got no shoes, if you want them, *get* them."

"I don't know who should, if *you* can't," answered the wife, catching the spirit of her husband; and the spirit once caught, she carried it down stairs into the kitchen, where she quickly saw that breakfast was in a backward state.

"Sally," she cried, "why in the world is not breakfast ready? the mornings are long enough."

"This awful green wood!" cried Sally, who until now had been doing her best, but catching her mistress's tone, she quite lost her temper. "The wonder is breakfast's got at all," she muttered; while her mistress went out, and little Joe came in from the wood-house.

"Tie my shoe, Sally," said he, "the string has tripped me up awfully."

"Go away," cried Sally, "and not pester me at breakfast time.

"Cross creature!" cried little Joe, pouting and pulling off his shoe, which for mischief, or not knowing what else to do, he swung at the cat lapping her milk The shoe sent the cat one way and the cup another, and the milk in a puddle.

"You mischievous puppy!" cried Sally, giving little Joe a shake and sending him off to the sitting-room.

Joe, in a terrible pet, fell upon his little sister, who was playing with a wooly dog, a little toy her auntie gave her, making it bark in a wheezy tone no real dog was ever guilty of.

"Give it to me," cried Joe, snatching it from her hand, whereupon Susy burst into an angry cry. Joe's mother struck him for it, and he set up a howl equal to any young cub in a bear's den; so that by the time breakfast was ready, the family sky was dark and squally as it could well be; for crossness is catching, and the "beginning of strife is as when one letteth out water."—Proverbs, 17, 4.

THE OTHER WAY.

"Father," said a woman to her husband, one morning, "the boy's want some new shoes."

"Yes, I suppose it is most time," answers the husband, but I can't so well spare the money just now. I wonder if I could not black them nicely up, to make them answer a little longer. Let's see now."

"Do not trouble yourself about them, husband," said the wife. Let *me* try and see what a gloss I can put on them; maybe they'll look as good as new," and away she tripped down stairs into the kitchen. "Sally," she said, "you are a little behind in breakfast, but I'll help you. No wonder; the green wood troubles you, I'm afraid."

"Please, no," answers Sally, "I'll fetch breakfast on the table in a minute;" and Sally stirs about with cheerful briskness, while little Joe comes in and asks to have his shoe tied.

"In a moment, deary," answers Sally, "while I run down and get some kindlings; your ma wants breakfast."

"Let *me* go," says little Joe, "I'll bring you some beauties," and away scampers the little boy, who soon comes back with an armful. "There, Sally," he says, "won't that help you?"

"Yes, deary," cries Sally; "now let me tie your shoe," and while she does it, Joe is looking at pussy lapping milk.

"Pussy's had her breakfast," said Joe, "and I'll take up her cup, lest somebody should step on it and break it. Come, pussy go with me," and he carries her into the sitting-room. "Pussy has had her breakfast," he said to Sissy; "now will she think your woolly dog a real dog? Let's show it to her."

Sissy put down her plaything, a little woolly dog, and sure enough, puss as soon as she saw it, bushed her tail and backed up her back, just ready for a fight; but pretty soon she saw her mistake, and ran under the table, as if afraid to be laughed at. How the children did laugh; and what a pleasant breakfast that was, where kindness was the largest dish; for "pleasant words are as a honey comb, sweet to the soul, and health to the bones."—Prov. 16: 24.

Anecdote of General Jackson.

"When General Jackson was President of the United States," said an aged laborer in the Presidential garden, a few years since, "he could tell an honest man from a rogue when he first saw him. I remember that a clergyman with a stiff white choker, and an untarnished suit of black, called on him one morning when he was overlooking some work that I was performing in the garden, and requested an appointment to some office, saying:

"'General, I worked harder for your election than many of those upon whom you have already bestowed office.'"

"'You are a minister of the Gospel?' said Old Hickory, inquiringly.

"'Yes,' said the clergyman, 'I was a minister; but I thought I could do better by becoming a politician. So I stumped the district week days for you, and preached for the Lord on Sundays.'

"Old Hickory, turning short towards him and looking him full in the face, said—

"'If you would cheat the Lord, you would cheat the country. I will have nothing to do with you, nor any like you. Good morning,' and he walked rapidly away.

"I never shall forget the look of that hypocritical clergyman. Had the last judgment been set, and he before the great white throne, I doubt whether he would have looked more blank and chop-fallen.

A Rustic Maiden on Matrimony.

A country girl, whose sister had married badly, was about to take the noose herself.

"How dare you get married?" asked a cousin of her's, "after having before you the unfortunate example of your sister?"

The young girl replied with spirit:

"I choose to make a trial myself. Did you ever see a parcel of pigs running to a trough of hot swill? The first one sticks in his nose and gets scalded, and then draws it back and squeals The second burns his nose and stands squealing in the same manner. The third follows suit and he squeals too. But still it makes no difference with those behind. They never take warning of those before, but all in turn thrust in their noses, just as if they hadn't got burnt or squealed at all. So it is with girls in regard to matrimony—and now, cousin, I hope you are satisfied."

POWER OF A STRANGE WORD.—M. R G. Mason, the lecturer on temperance, &c., tells his audience, by way of illustration, an anecdote of a certain old gardener, who, notwithstanding his strong fences and his "cautions" of "spring guns," "man traps," &c., being "laid on the premises," was continually annoyed and robbed of the fruit of his labor by a lot of young urchins, who heeded not his "notices." Setting his wits to work, the old man thought of the following, which he had printed in large characters, and nailed up in the most conspicuous spot: "Whoever is found trespassing in this orchard shall be *specificated*." It had the desired effect; none of the boys dare run the risk of knowing what it was to be specificated.

☞Little Susie D., poring over a book in which angels were represented as winged beings, suddenly remarked with much vehemence—"Mamma, I don't want to be an angel—an I needn't, need I?" "Why, Susan?" questioned her mother. "Humph! leave off all my pretty clothes, and wear fedders like a hen!"

☞"Pat, can you tell me what is a virgin?"

"To be sure I can, Jemmy."

"Well, then, will ye be after doing it?"

"Yes, jist, it's a woman that has never been married at all."

"Be ye in airnest, Pat?"

"Yes, Jimmy."

"The saints in heaven be praised, then! my mother was a virgin; my father never married her at all, sure."

To Mary.

I am thinking of the time Mary, when sitting by thy side, and shelling beans, I gazed on thee, and felt a wondrous pride. In silence leaned we over the pan, and neither spoke a word, but the rattling of the beans, Mary, was all the sound we heard. Thy auburn curls hung down, Mary, and kissed thy lily cheek; thy azure eyes, half filled with tears, bespoke a spirit meek. To be so charmed as I was then, had never before occurred, when the rattling of the beans, Mary, was all the sound we heard. I thought it was not wrong, Mary, so leaning o'er the dish, as you snatched up a handfull o' beans, I snatched a nectared kiss. And suddenly there came a shower as I neither saw nor stirred; but the rattling of the beans, Mary, was all the sound I heard.

☞Upon matters which are affected by feeling and sentiment, the judgment of woman surpasses that of man; her more sensitive nature carries her to heights which his coarser nature cannot reach.

☞A confirmed tippler was bothered how to honor his birthday. A brilliant idea struck him. He kept sober.

☞The bread of life is love; the salt of life is work; the sweetness of life, poetry; and the water of life, faith.

An Arkansas Traveler.

A contributor to the *Spirit of the Times*, thus describes a scene at the Anthony House, in Little Rock, Arkansas:

"Late one bitter cold night in December, some eight or nine years ago, L. came into the bar-room as usual, to take his part in whatever was going on. For some reason the crowd had dispersed sooner than was customary, and but two or three of the townsfolks were there, together with a stranger, and who, tired, wet and muddy from a long Arkansas stage ride, his legs extended and shoes off, was consoling himself with two chairs and a nap opposite the centre of the blazing fire. Any one who has traveled until 10 o'clock, in a rough winter night, over an Arkansas road, can appreciate the comfort of the fruition before that fireplace.

The drowsy example of the stranger had its effect on the others, and L., who took a seat in the corner, for lack of conversation, was reduced to the poker for amusement. He poked the fire for a while, until it got red hot, and becoming disgusted, was about to drop it and retire, when he discovered the great toe of the stranger's foot protruding through a hole in one of his socks.

Here was a relief to L. He placed the glowing poker within a foot of the melancholy sleeper's toe, and began slowly to lessen the distance between them; one by one, the others, as they caught the joke, began to open their eyes, and being awakened, mouths expanded into grins, and grins into suppressed giggles—and one incontinent fellow's into a broad laugh. Closer and closer the red-hot poker neared towards the unfortunate toe. The heat caused the sleeper restlessly to move his hands.—L. was just about to apply the poker, when a sound of click! click! arrested his attention. He looked at the stranger—the latter, with one eye open, had been watching his proceedings, and silently brought a pistol to bear upon L. In a voice just audible, he muttered in a tone of great determination:

"Jest burn it! *Burn it!* Jest burn it! and I'll be c——d if I don't stir *you* up with ten thousand hot pokers in two seconds!"

L. laid down the poker instanter, and remarked:

"Stranger, let's *take a drink!* In fact, gentlemen, all of you."

L. afterwards said they were the cheapest drinks he ever bought.

LADIES, BEWARE OF EARTHQUAKES.—One of our Maine exchanges is informed, on what it considers "the most reliable authority," of a singular and unprecedented circumstance which took place in connection with a recent earthquake. A married woman residing not a thousand miles from Yarmouth, in that State, *but whose husband has been absent about two years*, was delivered of a healthy and sprightly child, shortly after the shock! Earthquakes have always previously been supposed *dangerous* to human life, instead of *producing* it!

A YANKEE GIRL'S ASTONISHMENT.—A young lady from Vermont, teaching in a town in Georgia, writes to her parents thus: "The people here are very much excited over the election of Mr. Lincoln. Yesterday they formed a military company among the young men, with a view to the exigencies of the hour, and to-day they came out to drill. The most remarkable part of that performance to a Yankee girl was to see each soldier have a negro along to carry his gun."

FORTY BABIES IN TEN DAYS!—LE CLAIRE AGAINST THE WORLD.—As an instance of the rapid increase in importance and population of the Western country—as an instance of the soundness of the citizens of Le Claire on the goose question, we chronicle the fact—we point with feelings of just county pride to the imposing fact, that the full number of forty births have taken place in the town of Le Claire within the last ten days! Talk about your big potatoes; about your wheat, forty bushels to the acre; talk about secession and disunion, and all such stuff—that ain't nothing compared with this mighty vindication of Iowa progress and Iowa institutions.—Forty babies in ten days; forty homes made happy; forty jubilant fathers; forty cradles to rock; forty thousand screams! Jerusalem, what a country! The doctors say that the good mothers are as well "as could be expected," thank you; and the children are all smart, healthy, pretty; able to draw their regular rations, and principally girls.—*Davenport (Iowa) Gazette.*

☞"The post-office in our village," writes a Vermont lady, "was kept in a bar room of a tavern, a great resort for loungers. An old chap more remarkable for his coarseness and infidelity, than for his good manners, was there one day with a lot of boon companions, when the Methodist preacher, a new comer, entered and asked for his letters.

Old Swipes asked bluntly: "Are you the Methodist parson just come here to preach."

"I am," pleasantly replied the minister.

"Well," said Swipes; will you tell me how old the devil is."

"*Keep your own family record*," quickly returned the preacher, and left the room amid the roars of the company.

☞Irish sergeant:—"Attintion, company, and 'tind to rowl call. All of ye that are prisint say 'Here,' and all of ye that are not prisint, say 'Absint.'"

☞A young man advertises in a London paper, his desire for a wife—'pretty and entirely ignorant of the fact?' Does he want a blind woman?

The Dutchman and the Goat.

A good joke occurred in Zanesville, some time ago, when a Mr. Porter was landlord of the "Eagle" and "Dutch Pete" did the "clean thing," or honors of the stable. Pete and the horses had a large, as well as a very *strong* goat, for a companion and a disinfectant. At the time of our fun, the stable was occupied by a drove of mules. To the great annoyance of Pete, Billy (the goat), was sometimes in the habit of taking up his quarters in the hay-mow, which he reached by a pair of stairs. Mine host of the Eagle, and the usual crowd in the bar-room, were one day startled by Pete rushing in with his "Dutch up" and almost breathless, exclaiming at the top of his voice: "Meester Borter! Meester Borter! Billy, he leaves or I leaves. I go up inde stable, and dere was Billy. I say, 'Billy, go down.' He says 'Bah-bah-wa,' and shust gits up on his hind feet. I say again, 'Billy, you go down, and strikes at him mit de pitch-fork, when de blame stink-num-sheep pitches into me and buts me down stairs among de mule-jacks, who all kicked me more hard den de goat. So, Meester Borter, Billy, he leaves or I leaves."

An Obtuse Trespasser.

A few days ago, not far from Southwell, a wealthy farmer saw, to his great indignation, a person trespassing on a field of mowing grass; and, being one of that class who think it extremely wrong for a man to mark out a path for himself, particularly when it crosses the area of their own domain, the old gentleman hobbled after the intruder as rapidly as the gout and other infirmities would permit, and, coming up with the man, the following dialogue occurred:

Farmer: "There's no road there, sir."

Trespasser: "Oh, never mind, thank you; I shall manage to find my way." Farmer: "I tell you there's no road there." Trespasser: "Oh, thank you, sir, I shall be able to get over the hedge, and 'twill be easier coming back." Farmer: "You are a confounded fool, sir; and if I had my horsewhip, I'd lay it across your shoulders." Trespasser: "I tell you what, sir, if you make such a bother, I'll never come this way again." Farmer: "Who on earth wants you to?" The trespasser proceeded deliberately on his way, and the farmer was compelled to admit that, for the first time in his life, he had met his match.

☞Dick, a darkey in Kentucky, was a notorious thief. On one occasion, Mr. Jones, a neighbor of Dick's master, called and said that Dick must be sold out of that part of the country, for he had stolen all his (Jones') turkeys. Dick's master could not think so. The two, however, went into the field where Dick was at work, and accused him of the theft.

"You stole Mr. Jones' turkeys," said the master.

"No I didn't, Massa," responded Dick.

The master persisted.

"Well," at length said Dick, "I'll tell you, mass; I didn't steal dem turkeys, but last night when I went across Mr. Jones' pasture, I saw one of our rails on de fence, so I brought home de rail, and, confound it, when I come to look, dare was nine turkeys on de rail!"

☞"Papa, didn't you whip me for biting Tommy?"

"Yes, my child, you hurt him very much."

"Well, then, papa, you ought to whip mamma's music teacher, too, for he bit mamma yesterday, right in the mouth, and I knew he hurt her, because she put her arms around his neck and tried to choke him."

LIKE YOURSELF.—In a Scotch parish there was an ancient of the name of Saunders, whose wit was reputed to be very sharp. The laird, who was also a wag, met him one day driving a pig to market. "Weel, Saunders," quoth he, "ye're driving your kizzen to the market."

"Na, na, laird; he's jist an auld acquaintance like yourself."

BAKED BEANS.—Few people know the luxury of baked beans, simply because few cooks properly prepare them. Beans, generally, are not cooked half long enough.—This is our method: Two quarts of middling sized white beans, two pounds of salt pork, and one spoonful of molasses. Pick the beans over carefully, wash, and add a gallon of boiling hot soft water; let them soak in it over night; in the morning put them in fresh water and boil gently till the skin is very tender, about to break, adding a teaspoonful of saleratus. Take them up dry, and put them in your dish, stir in the molasses, gash the pork, and put it down in the dish, so as to have the beans cover all but the upper surface; turn in boiling water till the top is just covered; bake with a steady fire four or five hours. Watch them and add more water from time to time as it dries away. [The foregoing is a first rate receipt. Those who don't like the idea of the molasses, may omit it, though it adds to the perfection of the dish.]

TO KEEP PRESERVES.—The paper which is usually pasted over jars of preserves, is porous, and admits air. To render it perfectly impervious, and as tight as a drum, apply the white of an egg with a brush to the paper before covering the jars, overlapping the edges an inch or two.

☞"Mass Tom! Mass Tom! Oh, Mass Tom! howse I gwine to get down dis ladder?"—"Come down the same way you went up, you blockhead!" replied the master, running up to see what was the matter. "De same way as I come up, Mass Tom?"—Yes, confound you! and don't bother me any more."—"Well, if I must, I must!" And down came the little darkey head foremost.

The Little Ones.

Did you ever think how much work a child does in a day? How, from sunrise to sunset, the dear little feet patter round—to us—so aimlessly. Climbing up here, kneeling down there, running to another place, but never still. Twisting and turning, rolling and reaching and doubling, as if testing every bone and muscle for future uses. It is very curious to watch it. One who does so may well understand the deep breathing of the rosy little sleeper, as with one arm tossed over its curly head, it prepares for the next day's gymnastics. Tireless through the day, till that time comes, as the maternal love that so patiently accommodates itself, hour after hour, to its thousand wants and caprices, real or fancied.

A busy creature is a little child. To be looked upon with awe as well as delight, as its clear eye looks trustingly into faces that to God and man have essayed to wear a mask. As it sits down in its little chair to ponder, precociously, over the white lie you though it "funny" to tell it. As rising and leaning on your knees, it says, thoughtfully, in a tone that should provoke a tear, not a smile—"If I don't believe it." A lovely and yet a fearful thing is that little child.

Silence in Nature.

It is a remarkable and very instructive fact that many of the most important operations of nature are carried on in unbroken silence. There is no rushing sound when the broad tide of sunlight breaks on a dark world and floods it with light, as one bright wave over another falls from the fountain, millions of millions of miles away. There is no creaking of axles or groaning of cumbrous machinery as the solid earth wheels on its way, and every planet and system performs its revolutions. The great trees bring forth their boughs and shadow the earth beneath them—the plants cover themselves with buds, and the buds burst into flowers; but the whole transaction is unheard. The change from snow and winter winds to blossoms and fruits and the sunshine of summer is seen in its slow development, but there is scarcely a sound to tell of the mighty transformation. The solemn chant of the ocean, as it raises its unchanged and its unceasing voices, the roar of the hurricane, and the mighty river, and the thunder of the black-browed storm: all this is the music of nature—a great and swelling anthem of praise, breaking in on the universal calm. There is a lesson for us here. The mightiest worker in the Universe is the unobtrusive.

A UNEXPECTED TURN UP.—A New Orleans paper states that Mr. Henry, a merchant of that city, who was supposed to have been lost when the Collins steamer Arctic foundered, had unexpectedly turned up. When all hope of his surviving had been extinguished, his wife, young and attractive, mourned for him, then married the chief clerk of her late husband. Together the pair lived happily for several years, and to their family three children were added. On the fourth ult, the wife received from New York a letter written by her former husband He had been picked up from a piece of the wreck, with five other survivors, and being taken on board a whaler, had gone a long voyage with her. This ship was subsequently sunk, and fifteen of those aboard saved themselves upon an island, from which they were taken by another whaler, which was just commencing her cruise, and which only recently returned to New York.

United States Treasury Report.

A few facts culled from this document may illustrate the delightful condition of things on the 30th of June, 1860. The permanent national debt was $45,079,203-08, and the outstanding treasury notes $19,-690,500, making together $64,769,703 08 as the nett result of Mr. Cobb's tinkering. The deficiency of estimated means for the service of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1861, is $3,876,834 53. The Secretary tells us in his report that already the Treasury has been seriously affected by the commercial revulsion; that the limited amount received is composed each day of an increased proportion of Treasury notes not yet due; that the indications are that such will, at least for the present, continue to be the case; that in consequence of the failure of bidders for the late loan to comply with the terms of their bids, a portion of the ordinary revenues has been withdrawn from the ordinary sources of expenditure to meet the payment of Treasury notes past due, and the interest thereon; and, finally, that the early action of Congress will be required to enable the Department to carry on the operations of the Government, and at the same time preserve the public credit unimpaired.

☞A Quaker in business, disliking the "Esq." to his name, advised a correspondent to direct his letters to Amos Smith, without any tail, and received a reply subscribed—"Amos Smith, without any tail, Boston."

☞"When will mother be home?" cried a child bursting into tears.

"She will be home after dinner," was the reply.

"After dinner? then let us eat dinner now," he returned, growing bright at the overcome difficulty.

☞Don't undertake to throw cold water on your wife's darling schemes, unless you want to get into hot.

☞If you hear a person say that he hasn't a friend in the world, you may be pretty sure that he doesn't deserve one.

Strange Adventure with Burglars.

The Messrs Herbert kept a very large jewelry establishment in New York City, and for the better security of their store against fire and other casualties, they employed one of their clerks to sleep in it at night. The idea of the store being attacked by robbers was not for a moment entertained, but it was for other objects, such as security from fires and the like, that young Loring, the clerk, slept there; for he was not supplied with any weapons to repel an attack of thieves. But one dark, dreary night he was awakened by a singular noise which a party of burglars might produce in an attempt to enter the building, and looking towards the back windows he soon satisfied himself that one or more persons were endeavoring as quietly as possible, to effect an entrance at that quarter. They had already removed a part of the sash and shutters with their cunningly devised instruments, and must have been at work some time before he was awakened.

Now young Loring regretted that he had no weapon, but not through fear—that was not a characteristic of the young gentleman—but that he might pepper the rogues a little. At first he determined to cry out and arouse the watch, but as they had advanced so far before he was awakened, he thought he would drive them off by stratagem. He slipped on his clothes quietly, and approaching the spot where the thieves were busily at work, he saw the hand of one of them passed inside of the shutter into the store in its owner's endeavors to guide a small hand-saw with which he was cutting an aperture for his body to pass through. Young Loring felt inclined to chop off the hand with a small hatchet that lay hard by, but he refrained, and bethought himself of a powerful acid that was used in testing the purity of silver and other metals. One drop of this would eat instantly into the flesh, and produce a poisonous sore in ten minutes' time. He cautiously dropped a little upon the burglar's hand and awaited the result.

"Bill," at length exclaimed the burglar to his companion, "I've got a cursed burning on the back of my hand. It's so sore I can hardly work this saw. Phew! how it smarts! I guess I've cut it with the saw—hold the dark lantern here."

"Fudge!" replied his companion, "change hands then, but don't stop."

"Take the saw yourself, then! I can't stand this pain!"

And while the discomfited burglar withdrew his hand to groan over the supposed cut, the other took his place with the saw, and in a moment after received a few drops of the fiery liquid upon the back part of his hand, and was soon groaning with agony.

"Curse this saw! it has cut me too," groaned the second thief.

And after sundry oaths, mutually exchanged until the first and worst attack of pain was over, they renewed the attempt to make an entrance.

The clerk permitted them to go on awhile uninterruptedly, knowing that at any moment he could stop their effort by crying out, but he hoped to hear some watchman passing in front of the store, upon whom he could call to secure the rogues, and he resolved to wait no longer. But soon the burglars had so much enlarged the hole that they would shortly be able to enter in by themselves.

Seeing that he must do something to stop them, the clerk crept into the dark closet at one side of the window, and uttered a low but fierce growl, in imitation of a dog. Both of the rogues stepped back at this unexpected interruption.

"Hang it, Bill, there's a cursed dog in there. I didn't know that the Herberts kept one," said one to the other.

"A dog? that's bad. Curse 'em, if it was a man, why a shot or a dirk stroke would fix him—but a dog is quite another thing, for if we shoot him, he'd be sure to kill one of us!"

"Bow, wow, wow!" cried the clerk, with all his power, as he saw them preparing to resume their work.

"Confound the dog!" exclaimed both.

"Never mind; go ahead, Bill, and get it open now. I'll fix him when we get in."

The burglar addressed as Bill thrust his hand in once more to wrench off the last piece of wood that obstructed their entrance, when the clerk, having already armed himself with a large pair of pincers, seized the robber's hand as though in a vice, and set up such a barking that the whole neighborhood was alarmed.

"For Heaven's sake, Jack, lend us a hand here; the cursed animal is biting my hand half off!" said the burglar to his confederate.

"Pull it away—pull it away, quick."

"I can't."

"Give it a jerk!" said the other.

"O-o-o! I can't. Murder, murder!"

This cry added to the bellowing of the supposed dog, soon brought the watch in earnest, and the thief who was at liberty to do so, ran for his life.

The watchman's light showed Bill Sikes that he had been bitten by a pair of pincers!

This is a fact; it occurred in New York city, during the winter of 1841; and Bill Sikes served out his imprisonment at Blackwell's Island.

HORACE GREELEY SUED FOR LIBEL.—OSWEGO, N. Y., Dec. 6.—Hon. D. C. Littlejohn, Republican, and Speaker of the last General Assembly, has commenced proceedings against Horace Greeley, of the New York Tribune, for alledged libels uttered pending the late election. The charge against Mr. L. was that he was a party to certain acts of corruption passed through the Legislature.

BEAUTIFUL EXTRACT.—Helping a young lady out of a mud hole.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES.

A Recommendation.

Numerous appeals have been made to me by pious and patriotic associations and citizens, in view of the present distracted and dangerous condition of our country, to recommend that a day be set apart for HUMILIATION, FASTING, AND PRAYER throughout the Union.

In compliance with their request and my own sense of duty, I designate FRIDAY, THE 4TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1861, for this purpose, and recommend that the People assemble on that day, according to their several forms of worship, to keep it as a solemn Fast.

The Union of the States is at the present moment threatened with alarming and immediate danger; panic and distress of a fearful character prevail throughout the land; our laboring population are without employment, and consequently deprived of the means of earning their bread. Indeed, hope seems to have deserted the minds of men. All classes are in a state of confusion and dismay, and the wisest counsels of our best and purest men are wholly disregarded. In this the hour of our calamity and peril to whom shall we resort to for relief but to the God of our fathers? His omnipotent arm only can save us from the awful effects of our own crimes and follies—our own ingratitude and guilt towards our Heavenly Father.

Let us, then, with deep contrition and penitent sorrow, unite in humbling ourselves before the Most High, in confessing our individual and national sins, and in acknowledging the justice of our punishment. Let us implore Him to remove from our hearts that false pride of opinion which would impelus to persevere in wrong for the sake of consistency, rather than yield a just submission to the unforeseen exigencies by which we are now surrounded. Let us with deep reverence beseech him to restore the friendship and good-will which prevailed in former days among the people of the several States; and, above all, to save us from the horrors of civil war and "blood-guiltiness." Let our fervent prayers ascend to His Throne that he would not desert us in this hour of extreme peril, but remember us as he did our fathers in the darkest days of the Revolution, and preserve our Constitution and our Union, the work of their hands, for ages yet to come.

An Omnipotent Providence may overrule existing evils for permanent good. He can make the wrath of man to praise Him, and the remainder of wrath he can restrain.—Let me invoke every individual, in whatever sphere of life he may be placed, to feel a personal responsibility to God and his country for keeping this day holy, and for contributing all in his power to remove our actual and impending calamities.

JAMES BUCHANAN.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14, 1860.

Great Union Meeting at Philadelphia.

A very large and highly respectable assemblage of the citizens of Philadelphia took place at the State House in that city, on Friday last, in pursuance of the following proclamation of the Mayor:

"Citizens of Philadelphia: At a time when the continuance of our National Union is in peril, and the breaking up of our Confederacy appears to be imminent, it is proper that a loyal people, casting off the spirit of party, should in a special manner avow their unfailing devotion to the Union and their abiding fidelity to its Constitution and laws.

"To this end, by advice of the Councils of Philadelphia, I earnestly invite you, laying aside your several callings, to assemble at the State-House, at noon of Thursday next, that, with an honest sense of your responsibility as American citizens, you may counsel together to avert the danger which threatens our country, and that, relying upon the favor of Almighty God, you may seek to perpetuate for yourselves and your children the blessings of constitutional liberty."

We are informed through the telegraph that "the persons present were numbered by tens of thousands."

The proceedings commenced with an eloquent and fervent prayer by Bishop Potter.

Mayor Henry presided, assisted by a large number of Vice Presidents and Secretaries, amongst whom were many of the wealthiest and most influential citizens, irrespective of party. The Mayor, in the course of his opening remarks, said: "We must restore harmony in the public sentiment, must go back to the old stand-point. The misplaced appeals of the pulpit and the press must be frowned upon, and we must preserve the Union at all hazards."

The following Preamble and Resolutions were adopted by acclamation:

The people of the city of Philadelphia, having assembled in cheerful obedience to the proclamation of the Mayor, issued by request of their Councils, for the purpose of testifying their love for the Union and their devotion to its perpetuation, and to the strengthening of those bonds which hold us together, whether of the North or the South, the East or the West, as one great and united people, do resolve—

First, with one voice and united hearts, we proclaim our attachment to and reverence for the Constitution of the United States, and our earnest and enduring love for that great Union which it creates and protects—a love which is not sectional, but national, and that greets our brother from whatever State he comes, as a partaker with us in that noblest of all inheritances, the title of a citizen of the United States.

Resolved, 2. That the usefulness and the endurance of the Union both depend upon a faithful observance by the people of all the States of all the requirements of that sacred instrument which the wisdom and the patriotism of our fathers framed, and under whose provisions we have become a great and happy people, prosperous and renowned among the nations of the earth.

Resolved, 3. That we do, therefore, most deeply deplore the fact that some of the States of this Union have placed upon their statute-books, enactments which evade or defeat provisions which the framers of the Constitution wisely inserted for the protection of valuable rights of citizens of other States; and that we pronounce all such acts to be violations of the solemn compact by which we are made one people, and that we earnestly appeal to our brethren of those States instantly to repeal all such enactments.

Resolved, 4. That the people of Philadelphia hereby pledge themselves to their brethren of the other States that the statute-books of Pennsylvania shall be carefully searched by their Representatives at the approaching session of the Legislature, and that every statute, if any such there be, which in the least degree invades the constitutional rights of citizens of a sister State, will be at once repealed, and that Pennsylvania, ever loyal to the Union, and liberal in construing her obligations to it, will be faithful always in her obedience to its requirements.

Resolved, 5. That we recognize the obligations of the Act of Congress of 1850, commonly known as the fugitive slave law, and submit cheerfully to its faithful enforcement; and that we point with pride and satisfaction to the recent conviction and punishment, in this city of Philadelphia, of those who had broken its provisions by aiding in the attempted rescue of a slave, as a proof that Philadelphia is faithful in her obedience to the law; and, furthermore, that we recommend to the Legislature of our own State the passage of a law which shall give compensation in case of the rescue of a captured slave by the county in which such rescue occurs, precisely as is now done by existing laws in case of destruction of property by the violence of mobs.

Resolved, 6. That as to the question of the recognition of slaves as property, and as to the question of the rights of slave-owners in the Territories of the United States, the people of Philadelphia submit themselves obediently and cheerfully to the decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States, whether now made or hereafter to be made, and they pledge themselves faithfully to observe the Constitution in these respects, as the same has been or may be expounded by that august tribunal. And, further, they recommend that whatever points of doubt exist touching these subjects be in some amicable and lawful way forthwith submitted to the consideration of said Court, and that its opinion be accepted as the final and authoritative solution of all doubts as to the meaning of the Constitution in controverted points.

Resolved, 7. That all denunciations of slavery, as existing in the United States, and of our fellow-citizens who maintain that institution, and who hold slaves under it, are inconsistent with that spirit of brotherhood and kindness which ought to animate all who live under and profess to support the Constitution of the American Union.

Resolved, 8. That we cordially approve the suggestion that a Convention, or Congress of Delegates from the States contemplating secession, be held for the purpose of consultation upon the causes that induce them to meditate such a step, and of suggesting such remedies as they would propose, and that it is the firm conviction of the citizens of Philadelphia that the propositions made by such Convention would be received by the people of the other States in a fraternal and conciliatory spirit, and with an earnest desire to remove all grounds of just complaint.

Resolved, finally, That we appeal to our brethren of South Carolina, of Georgia, of Alabama, of Mississippi, of Florida, and of such other States as are considering the question of seceding from the Union, with all the affectionate earnestness we can express, to forbear. That we remind them of the innumerable ties which bind us together as one people, and which seems to us so strong that no power short of that which paralyzes all memory and effaces all history can separate us; that the ashes of those brave men who fought with us and for us rest beneath our soil, and that they have in their keeping the bones of our soldiers who perished in their defence; that our glorious institutions, under whose guidance and protection we have attained so great prosperity and renown, and which have made this Union of States the joy and hope of oppressed millions throughout the world, were framed by the wisdom, built by the toil, and defended by the blood of a common ancestry, and cannot perish without an eternal reproach to us, their children, if we destroy so great and so fair an inheritance.

☞A Washington correspondent in Monday's New York *Herald* says:

"I learn from a direct source that the "men are already picked, and are principally concentrated in Charleston, who are to "be assigned the duty of taking Fort Moultrie. Ladders for scaling the walls are "constructed and other preparations made "for the attack. The assaulting party are "only awaiting orders to strike. In the "meantime the fort is manned with a force "weak in numbers, with strict orders from "the President to act only on the defensive, "which deprives them of the privilege of "preparing to meet an enemy who approaches them under the pretence of peace, "when effective preparation will be out of "the question.

"It is stated by some persons here that "General Scott advised the President, some "time since, to strengthen the force at Fort "Moultrie; but instead of complying with "this advice, the President caused the troops "stationed there to be ordered to California, "when there were plenty of other troops "that could have been detailed to that duty.

A correspondent in the *Tribune* of the same day says:

A SPEECH OF MR. DOUGLAS.

"Mr. Douglas is preparing to address "the Senate on the present emergency, and "will take distinct ground that secession "involves war and all its calamities, and "that that fact must be confronted by the "men who are now precipitating the Cotton "States into revolution. He thinks it wiser "to face the whole issue, and let the people "see the consequences, than to blink it "until the real crisis is upon us."

We hope this is correct, and that Mr. Douglas will be able, at least to satisfy the States of Delaware, Maryland, Tennessee, and Missouri, that their hope and safety is to cling to the Union as it is.

☞Wigfall, who misrepresents Texas in the United States Senate, boasts that before he left home he armed all his negroes, and told them to shoot all strange white men who might intrude on his plantation. If, in a sober interval, he told the truth, we advise him not to return home incautiously, for he is the strangest white man his negroes will be likely to encounter.—*Louisville Journal.*

THE ADAMS SENTINEL.

GETTYSBURG:

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 19, 1860.

☞The President has recommended a day of Humiliation, Fasting and Prayer, as will be seen by his Proclamation. This is all right and proper, as it ever is, to bow to the chastisements of our Heavenly Parent; and we presume this recommendation of the President's will be attended to. And although we recognize this principle of humbling ourselves before His mighty hand, which ought always to be the posture of a creature towards the Creator, and is ever right; yet, as men and citizens, we cannot but think that we should, ourselves, remember that we are but instruments in the hands of that Being who rules the Universe for his own purposes, and that if we err we are accountable for that error, and our punishment may be for the general good. In our young days, at school, we remember of reading of a man whose vehicle was fast in the mire, and without any effort on his part he prayed to his mythological deity to extricate it for him. The reply was—first put your own shoulder to the wheel, and if then you cannot succeed, call upon me. So, we think, if the President of the United States had put his shoulder to the wheel long ere this, and acted as an energetic Executive officer, and not cowered before the fire-eaters, things would never have reached the crisis they have. It is not too late yet; and if he does his duty, he will find himself sustained and assisted by every good man in the land.

☞The Committee of 33, who have in charge the settlement of the difficulties of the country, are daily engaged in their deliberations—and, so far as we can learn, their sessions being secret for the present, or partially so, there is a very good feeling prevailing. The Chairman, Mr. CORWIN, has reported a series of resolutions, which, it is said, have the approval of a majority of the Republicans in the Committee—more, of course, will be reported—and we do hope that they will, on both sides, lay aside their ultra notions, and meet on a fair, honest platform, leaving to posterity intact our glorious Confederacy. Why should we dissever our noble Union, for what is merely *an abstraction*, when we come together calmly, and compare opinions? In every union of States and Sovereignties, there must ever be a little yielding of opinion for the general welfare—in every family there must be a little yielding of tastes and habits to insure harmony—why then, cannot we, as men and patriots, each yield a little of our proud, dogmatic notions, to preserve pure and entire that Union which is now the pride of America, and the admiration of the world?

Changes in the Cabinet.

☞Hon. JEREMIAH S. BLACK, Attorney General, has been appointed Secretary of State in the room of Gen. CASS, resigned; and EDWIN M. STANTON, formerly of Ohio, now a resident at Washington, has been appointed Attorney General, in room of Mr. BLACK.

☞The Hon. PHILIP F. THOMAS, of Maryland, the present Commissioner of Patents, has been nominated to the Senate and confirmed by that body as Secretary of the Treasury, vice Howell Cobb, resigned; and JOHN B. WELLER, of California, was similarly nominated and confirmed as Minister to Mexico, to succeed the Hon. Robert M. McLane, resigned.

☞Hon. W. F. PICKENS was elected Governor of South Carolina, on Saturday last, by the Legislature of that State, on the 7th ballot—receiving 82 votes, Johnson 64, scattering 12. He is said to be more conservative in his views than the other leaders of secession.

☞The South Carolina Secession Convention met at Columbia, on Monday, and was organized. On account of the small-pox being very prevalent in Columbia, they adjourned to meet in Charleston on Thursday (to morrow). Gov. Pickens was inaugurated on Monday, and in his address urged secession warmly.

☞There appeared to be a better feeling in Congress on Monday than hitherto, and the era of good feeling seems to have been inaugurated. Mr. CORWIN, however, is despondent regarding the committee of 33. The secession representation on it appear determined that it shall avail nothing. DAVIS, of Miss. has already withdrawn, and other secessionists will probably follow.

☞At a meeting of the Pennsylvania delegation at Washington, on Saturday night, all present except Mr. Stevens, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That in our judgment it is the opinion of the people of Pennsylvania that the constitutional rights of all sections should be respected and secured.

Resolved, That all the laws should be faithfully and promptly executed, and that the Union of the States, the constitution and the laws of the United States should be maintained and enforced in all their integrity.

School Examination.

The Public Schools of the Borough were closed on Friday last, to be opened again on the 14th of January—the Board having determined, instead of the three months' summer vacation, to have *two* months recess in mid-summer, and *one* in mid-winter; thus dividing the School term into two sessions of 4½ months each. The late session closed with the usual public examination, in the presence of the Board of Directors and Parents, which, we understand, was eminently satisfactory, and every way creditable to the efficient corps of Teachers in charge of the several Departments of the Schools. Not having been present at the examinations, we are indebted to a friend for a brief notice of them, which will be found in another column.

Fatal Accident.

We learn that MICHAEL BUCHER, Esq., of Hanover, met with an accident in that place on Thursday last, which resulted in his death on Friday. It seems that he was walking on the turnpike near Kohler's tavern, and a horse attached to a wagon running off behind him, struck Mr. B. with great force, felling him to the earth, causing a severe wound upon his forehead, and rendering him insensible up to his death. He was somewhat hard of hearing—otherwise, he would doubtless have heard the approaching horse in time to get out of his way. Mr. B. was well known and much respected.

☞Mr. PHILIP SMITH, residing near Taneytown, was killed almost instantly on Tuesday week, on the public road. He was hauling lime, slipped and fell under the wheel, and was so crushed that death ensued in a few minutes. He was in the prime of life, and leaves eight children.

Fort Moultrie.

This fortress, which commands the harbor of Charleston, has been left by the President in a very weak state, the great body of the troops having been removed to California. In consequence of its weakness (only 65 men having been left to protect it), great apprehensions have been entertained that it would be immediately seized by the excited Carolinians. Major ANDERSON, who has the command, applied a few days ago to the Government for men and ammunition to defend it, but was refused by the Cabinet. The venerable Gen. CASS, Secretary of State, urged it with all his might, but the others overruled him. In consequence of this, that distinguished Statesman resigned his office on Friday last, determined to wash his hands of that weakness that will leave a brave commandant at the mercy of excited Fire-eaters. Left to themselves, the garrisons of the harbor forts, being evidently in dread of an attack, are preparing night and day for a desperate resistance in such event.

Gen. SCOTT also earnestly advised sending on men and ammunition, as was done in the days of Gen. Jackson, when he himself was sent on there by the President. Their nullification was then at once subdued by the energy of Old Hickory, but now, through the continued weakness of our imbecile President, the matter has been suffered gradually to progress, until, taking advantage of this weakness, the Southern Hotspurs have acquired such confidence that they think they can do anything, and are urging on the country to disunion.

☞Hon. EDWARD BATES, of Missouri, so favorably before the Republicans as a candidate for the Presidency, was invited by Mr. Lincoln to visit him, and was formally offered the position of Secretary of the Interior, which, we presume, he will accept. He will make an able member of the Cabinet. He is strongly against secession, and says it is treason, and must be put down, and the authority of the Government maintained at all hazards.

Mob at Boston.

The notorious Wendell Phillips gave notice that he would deliver an address on *Sunday morning* last, at the Music Hall, in Boston, on "Mobs and Education." An audience of thousands assembled. Anticipating disturbance, the police force was out in strength, and a number of military companies were under arms at their armories. He spoke for nearly an hour and a half, in a tirade of abuse against the Press, and all who are at all conservative, interrupted frequently by hissing and stamping. At the close a large crowd had gathered outside of the building, and on his appearance a rush was made for him. His friends at once rallied, and by the aid of the police, got him off safe to his residence, a mob of several hundred pressing around and cheering and yelling. The mob blocked up Essex and Washington streets, stopping the horse cars and crowding the people miscellaneously for half an hour. Had it not been on the Sabbath, there is but little doubt that a fearful riot would have ensued.

☞Richard R. Magill, the eldest son of Dr. Charles Magill, of Hagerstown, emigrated to California about five years ago, and had attained a high reputation there for every manly quality, and was a clerk in the State Comptroller's office. He was thrown from a carriage a short time ago, and received a fracture of the skull, which, as is presumed, rendered him insane. He was assisted to his residence, where he immediately drew a Derringer pistol from his pocket, and exclaiming "I will finish this," shot himself through the head. He was 28 years of age.

For the Adams Sentinel.

Our Public Schools.

MR. EDITOR:—I had the pleasure of attending the Examinations of our Public Schools last week, and was so much gratified by what I saw and heard, that, with your permission, I propose to notice them briefly, and, through your columns, bear a just tribute to the evident efficiency and fidelity of the Teachers, as evinced by the satisfactory examination of their pupils.—There was no examination of the Primary Department, under charge of Miss BENTLEY; but I understand that she commands the confidence of the Board as a faithful and promising Teacher.

Thursday morning was devoted to an examination of Schools Nos. 2 and 3, taught by Miss MYERS and Miss THOMPSON.—The limited period assigned for these Schools, and the elementary character of their schedule of studies, rendered the examination less interesting than that of the more advanced Departments. Nevertheless, it was gratifying to observe that both these Schools were evidently enjoying the advantages of capable and faithful instructors. Department No. 4 was examined on Thursday afternoon. Miss McCURDY, who has charge of this Department, has been connected with the Schools of the Borough for a number of years, and has acquired general confidence as a successful instructor. That this confidence is not misplaced, was abundantly vindicated by the creditable manner in which her pupils acquitted themselves on this occasion. I may remark here—and the remark applies equally to all the Departments—that the examinations throughout were all the more satisfactory, because it was evident that the exercises had not been especially prepared for the occasion, with a view to *show*. The Teachers contented themselves with announcing the progress made by the several classes during the session, and proposed to hand the classes over to the Board and visitors to be examined in their discretion. We had thus an opportunity of fairly testing the fidelity and capacity alike of Teacher and Pupil.

On Friday, the more advanced Department, under charge of the Principal, Mr. BAUGHER, and his Assistants, Mr. LYTTLE, Miss McCLELLAN and Miss WHITESIDE, went through a highly creditable examination. It was my purpose to have noticed the exercise of this Department in detail; but a reluctance to tax your patience by too lengthy an article, admonishes me to be brief. Suffice it to say that the classes generally, in Reading, Grammar, Geography, Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, &c., acquitted themselves very handsomely, evincing a familiarity with elementary principles that attested the fidelity of the Teachers and the thoroughness of their instruction.

The Examinations were attended by a number of Ladies and Gentlemen, particularly on Friday afternoon. I was glad to notice this. Feeling a deep interest in our School system, I have made it a point to visit the Schools as occasion permitted, and am always interested in these public examinations. A more frequent visitation by Parents and friends of the system, especially during these public exercises, would contribute much to their efficiency, in encouraging both Teacher and Pupil. The almost total neglect of our Schools by those who should be mostly deeply interested in them, and the disposition to shove the entire guardianship of them upon the Directors, is a great evil, which ought to be remedied. However devoted and efficient the Directors may be, it is all important that they, as well as the Teachers, should be assured of the cordial sympathy and co-operation of Parents.

And here let me suggest to the Board of Directors the propriety of holding future examinations of *all* the Departments in the large upper room. The want of accommodation for visitors in the lower rooms, necessarily prevents Parents who are not inclined to suffer especial penance upon cramped, uncomfortable seats, from attending.

A VISITOR.

☞The last Kansas excitement got up by the Sensation Disunionists turns out all bosh. Montgomery, the "border-ruffian abolitionist," has *not* murdered any body, and has *not* marched against Fort Scott, as was reported. His whole aim seems to have been to drive off some obnoxious settlers. The telegraph tells the whole story when it says that the soldiers on the march to Fort Scott to protect it, heard the less of Montgomery the nearer they got to the fort. It was a senseless scare.

Union Men South.

It is most refreshing amid the disunion clamor of the hotheads of the South, to know that there are many true and patriotic men there who are now doing all in their power to stem the disunion tide which is driving the South upon the shoals of destruction. Had they but the guiding hand of James Buchanan, who, as President of the United States should be *for* the Union, and *with* the Union men of the South, and not against *both*, as he is now believed to be, the whole trouble would be over before the first of January.

☞Another slaver was captured on the 6th of October, off the coast of Africa, only 24 hours out, by the U. S. steam frigate San Jacinto. On board of her were found 713 fine looking slaves, who, together with the vessel, were given in charge of the U. S. government agent at Monrovia, The slaver sailed from New York in July last.

☞A celebrated gambler, a Spanish gentleman, named Garcia, has been in Germany the two last seasons, and won from their celebrated gambling establishments about $400,000. He has since publicly in church, at Valdefenas, Spain, renounced gambling forever. There was a large crowd present on the occasion. He made the solemn abjuration before the high altar; choristers, monks, candles, the performance of a Te Deum, and finally the public burning of a basket of cards, dice, dominoes, &c., completed the ceremony. From his winnings he has endowed a foundling hospital, and another for the children of ruined gamblers.

Letter from John Bell.

This distinguished Southerner has written and published a letter on the present state of affairs. He thinks there is no sufficient cause in the fact of Mr. Lincoln's election, taken in connection with all the circumstances, which would justify the attempt at secession and disruption of the Union:—that the opinions of Mr. Lincoln on the subject of slavery are *not* "extreme;" and that the policy of his administration will be in accordance with his past declarations. This letter cannot fail to have the most desirable effect upon the country. The whole Southern country will heed these words of a just and patriotic citizen, Southern in every antecedent and feeling, whose advice and counsel, based on a large experience and long acquaintance with public affairs, cannot be prompted by any other than the most disinterested motives. And surely those who voted for Mr. Bell, in the late canvass, will hearken to the voice of their leader and candidate.

Gen. Cass.

The following is a distinct announcement of the causes which led to the resignation of the venerable Secretary of State, given in a dispatch from Washington:

Further developments have been made respecting the causes of disagreement between the President and the Secretary of State, which led to the resignation of the latter.

It appears that the President had given orders to have the sloop-of-war Brooklyn held in readiness to proceed to Charleston, to aid in the defence of Fort Moultrie, at any time when he should command it, but declined to do anything immediately by way of reinforcing the garrisons there at present.

Secretary Cass took ground in favor of prompt action, and strenuously maintained, in his place in the Cabinet, that to neglect to send troops there after the threats that had been made, and the events that have transpired, implied a discreditable weakness in the Federal Government, and an inability to enforce its authority and compel obedience to its laws, and that that interpretation would be put on such neglect by the secessionists, who, in consequence would grow bolder and be led further than they would otherwise dare to go.

The President, however, could not bring his courage up to the point demanded by Mr. Cass, who, therefore, refused any longer to be a member of the Federal Administration.

It is said that quite a sharp correspondence took place between Gen. Cass and the President, which, it is believed, will be published. Gen. Cass' letter will certainly be made public.

OUTRAGES.—Letter received from New Orleans say that a self constituted vigilance committee there are driving out, with every circumstance of insult and hate, everybody who hails from a free State, and who does not fall in with the views of the most extreme men of that city. In fact we may add that in all our experience of newspapers, we have never seen such reports of constant and unprovoked wrongs upon men innocent of any crime but that of being born in a State where men and women are not sold as goods and chattels. Yet no voice is raised among all the millions of the free States demanding a guarantee of the enjoyment of our rights under the Constitution. All the demands are on the other side; new guarantees are demanded by these very men who respect none of our rights, that they may continue to shoot, tar and exile peaceable men from the North whose business or pleasure may call them to the slave-holding States.

☞The Electors of the several States in which Republicans were chosen, do not appear to have been in the least scared by the disunion panic, or threatenings of the Southern fire-eaters. The telegraph informs us that they met in the capitals of their respective States, last Wednesday, and voted to a man for ABRAHAM LINCOLN and HANNIBAL HAMLIN, who are thus, according to all the forms of law, President and Vice President of the *United* States of America for four years from the 4th of March next. The attempt of a miserable minority of the States, to treat this election as if it had not taken place, though it may find apologists at the hands of demagogues, will hardly be sanctioned by the great body of loyal citizens North or South.

☞The Loan Bill has passed both Houses of Congress, and been signed by the President. It is intended to relieve the Treasury from pressing demands upon it. It permits the issue of Treasury Notes, of a not less denomination than $50, to the amount of Ten Millions of Dollars, redeemable within a year—the Notes not to be issued except as the public necessities require.

☞A Union meeting was held in New York on Saturday last, at which Hon. MILLARD FILLMORE, GREENE C. BRONSON and RICHARD LATHAM, were appointed a Committee to visit South Carolina, at the meeting of their Convention on Monday last.

☞A prominent Democrat of Kentucky said the other day: "If we of the South were to read Henry Clay's last speech at Lexington, without knowing the author, it would be very generally ascribed to Seward or Wilson."

☞Many of our readers remember the Cholera Doctor, Mr. WICKEY, who frequently passed through our town. He is now in the Alms-house at Hagerstown; and the Dr. says—he has "good winter quarters."

Foreign News.

The steamer Europa has arrived at Halifax.

The financial writers of London are all engaged in discussing the American panic.—The Times argues that the receipts of gold from England would immediately change the whole character of the New York money market.

The latest advices announce insurrectionary movements in the province of Abruzzo. Seven thousand Sardinian troops had occupied the defiles of Mount Velino, and several guerilla companies were being organized.

Flying columns were also being organized by the Piedmontese to defend the points menaced.

A reactionary movement was made at Naples on the 29th ultimo, by the priests and lazaroni. Several arrests were made, and the demonstration suppressed.

Advices from Gaeta to the 19th, state that the Piedmontese fleet had returned to Naples, the intention being to attack from the land side. The batteries were being placed under perpetual but ineffectual fire from the forts.

Serious disturbances have occurred in Hungary.

Victor Emanuel arrived at Palermo on the 1st, and was received with great enthusiasm.

The Kansas Troubles.

LEAVENWORTH, Dec. 11.—We have information from the scene of trouble to the 7th inst. Large parties of troops from Fort Leavenworth had moved to Mound City, there joining the force of 180 men from Fort Reily. Attempts were made to arrest Jameson, but neither he nor Montgomery could be found. The rumors of Montgomery's entrenchment and resistance are simply absurd. The inhabitants of Mound City and vicinity were much excited, fearing harsh treatment from the Federal authorities.

Union Movement at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Dec. 12.

Three hundred prominent citizens held a meeting last evening for the purpose of requesting ex-president Fillmore to proceed to South Carolina as a messenger of peace. A committee was appointed, who waited upon Mr. Fillmore to make the request.—Mr. Fillmore expressed his warmest sympathy with the object of the meeting, but said he had been invited to attend a meeting of the prominent conservative men of the State to be held soon, and felt bound to await the deliberations of that body.

SUFFERING FROM THE WANT OF MONEY.—The greatest hardship, it is stated, prevails in New York and Brooklyn among naval officers, sailors, sailors' wives and others, owing to the non-arrival of the usual monthly money from the U. S. Treasury. Officers have been insulted by butchers, grocers, tailors, &c.; sailors are daily rebuffed by hungry land-sharks and sutlers, and poor women, whose husbands, away on the ocean, have left them half pay, are suffering fearfully because of their inability to fulfill their pecuniary obligations. No pen can adequately describe the wretchedness which even a week's delay of payment causes in the navy. The money for the Savannah's crew was received and paid to them at Brooklyn on Wednesday.

STARTLING SCENE IN A COURT-ROOM.—A man named Connelly, one of the oldest and most reliable members of the St. Louis police, was attacked with heart disease while in the Recorder's court room, in that city, on Wednesday last, and expired almost almost immediately. The unfortunate man was laughing heartily at the moment of the fatal shock.

One More Appeal.

The notice we gave a few weeks ago has been met by so few responses, that, unpleasant as it is, we must again call the attention of those indebted to us for subscription and advertising to come up at once and lend "a helping hand." We have paper bills, and other engagements that *must* be met promptly—and yet our patrons hold back, and will not furnish the "needful" to save our credit. To them it is small—to us the aggregate is great—and their neglect places us in a very unpleasant predicament. With a very large amount on our books, we cannot raise enough to meet our obligations as we must, and that promptly too. We therefore once more ask them, when these lines meet their eyes, at once to forward to us, if not the whole of their indebtedness, as much as they can. They can forward by the same channel they receive their papers; and we trust this earnest appeal will not be without its effect upon those who know they have been withholding from us that article which we need so much to carry on our business. We want a good deal of money by the Holidays—and we hope we shall receive many a cheering answer—"This notice is intended for ME, and I will attend to it—the laborer is worthy of his hire, and so far as I am concerned he shall have it, and that very shortly too."

Married,

On the 6th inst., at the Lutheran Parsonage, at Arendtsville, by the Rev. J. K. Miller, Mr. JACOB HOUDESHELL, to Miss SUSAN E. SMITH—both of Hamiltonban township.

On the 13th inst., by the Rev. Jacob Ziegler, Mr. ABRAHAM HART, to Miss HANNAH M. HARTZELL—both of Franklin township.

On the 5th inst., by the Rev. Jacob Sechler, Mr. EDWARD ECKENRODE, to Miss ANN HOWICKER—both of Adams county.

On the 9th inst., by the same, Mr. WILLIAM A. LIPPY, of the vicinity of Hanover, to Miss MARY HEAGY, of Baltimore county, Md.

On the 13th inst., by Rev. S. Henry, Mr. HENRY FRAVIR, of Carroll county, Md., to Miss ELIZABETH GERIG, of this county.

Died,

On Wednesday-morning last, in this place, Mr. WILLIAM WISOTZKEY, in the 60th year of his age. His remains were interred in Evergreen Cemetery on Friday morning, accompanied by the members of Oettys Lodge, I. O. O. F., and the old Beneficial Association.

On the 8th inst., in Hanover, at the residence of her son-in-law, Charles Barnitz, Mrs. CATHARINE SWOPE, aged 90 years 10 months and 19 days. The deceased was the mother of Geo. Swope, Esq. of this place.

On the 8th inst., in Adams county, Mr. JOHN SELL, aged 82 years 1 month and 9 days.

On the 1st inst., at Kindig's Mill, LYCURUS ABRAHAM ADAM BIEHL, aged 17 years 8 months and 24 days.

On Thursday, the 6th inst., of diptheria, in Cumberland township, JOHN QUINCY ROBERTSON, son of David W. and Susan Horner, aged 1 year 6 months and 18 days.

On the 6th inst., MARY JANE ALICE, daughter of Jacob and Mary E. Keefauver, of Mountjoy township, aged 1 year 9 months and 2 days.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Christmas is Coming!

We were, last evening, in the finely furnished establishment of our neighbor, E. H. MINNICH, and were surprised to find the extensive supply he had of every thing that could be desired for Christmas Presents, in the way of Toys, Fruits, Candies, &c. &c. He has certainly spared no pains to satisfy the most fastidious taste. Every thing is there to gratify the "young folks,"; and even the "old folks" can find much that will please them. We have rarely seen a fuller supply of Holiday articles, and chosen with more taste. We advise all to call at his Establishment and look at his useful and tasteful articles.

☞Our neighbor POLLEY has just completed a very neat brick building opposite the Globe Hotel, where he and Mr. COOK have everything in very beautiful order.—The former has every variety of Stoves, of the rarest patterns, and at very cheap rates; whilst friend COOK attends to the Tin-work, Spouting, &c., promptly, and executes work in the best manner. Give them a call in their new habitation.

☞SHEADS & BUEHLER's Store is well worthy of a visit just at this time. We doubt whether, even in our largest cities, so fine a display of Stoves can be found. Their large room is stored full of Stoves of every pattern; also, every variety of Hollow Ware, Sheet Iron Ware, Tin Ware, Planished Ware, Japan Ware—embracing, indeed, everything in the house-furnishing line. Also, Sausage Cutters, Sausage Stuffers, Lard Presses, &c., &c. They are prepared to sell wholesale and retail, Tin Ware, and Sheet Iron Ware, of their own manufacture—keeping a sufficient number of hands to supply any demand. Their assortment of Lumber is very large; also, Coal, of every kind.

☞Remember, Strumous or Scrofulous affections are the curse, the blight, of mankind. They are vile and filthy, as well as fatal. They arise from impurity and contamination of the blood, and are to be seen all around us, everywhere. Thousands daily are consigned to the direful effects of this disease. But why trifle any longer, when the remedy is at hand? Dr. LINDSEY's BLOOD SEARCHER—the only effectual preparation now before the people, that does its work mildly and safely. It does not close the issue superficially, while

"Foul corruption mining all within,
Infects unseen."

But Purges the Entire System of all Impure Matter, Invigorates the Body, and leaves the Afflicted in the Enjoyment of Good Health. To convince the skeptical of its healthy effects, try one bottle, and be convinced. Sold by all the Druggists in this place, and dealers throughout the country. [Nov. 21. 1m

☞It is estimated that two thousand gallons of molasses have been made this last year from Chinese sugar cane in Cumberland co.

The Markets.

GETTYSBURG—TUESDAY LAST.

Superfine Flour	$4 25
Red Wheat	90 to 95
White Wheat	1 00 to 1 10
Corn, old Yellow	50
Rye	65
Rye Flour	3 00
Buckwheat	45
Buckwheat Meal	1 75
Clover Seed	4 00 to 4 25
Timothy Seed	1 25 to 1 50
Flax Seed	1 20
Barley	56
Oats	25
Plaster of Paris, per ton	6 50
Do. per bag	1 00
Guano per hundred	1 25 to 3 25
Pork	6 00

BALTIMORE—TUESDAY LAST.

Flour	$4 50 to 4 75
Wheat	1 05 to 1 25
Rye	68 to 75
Corn	46 to 55
Oats	28 to 34
Cloverseed	4 50 to 5 00
Timothyseed	2 00 to 2 25
Beef Cattle	2 75 to 4 00
Hay (in Bundles)	14 00 to 15 00
Do. (loose)	12 00 to 13 00
Pork	6 50 to 6 75

HANOVER—TUESDAY LAST.

Flour per bbl., from Wagons	$4 25
Wheat, per Bushel	90 to 95
Rye	65
Corn	18
Oats	26
Clover Seed	4 50
Timothy Seed	1 50
Plaster Paris, per ton	6 50
Pork	6 25

Notice.

LETTERS Testamentary on the Estate of PETER LINARD, late of Butler township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Estate to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same, are requested to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement. DANIEL LINARD, Ex'r.
Dec. 19. 6t

To Contractors.

THE School Directors of Oxford Township, Adams County, Pa., will receive proposals until JANUARY 1, 1861, for building a SCHOOL HOUSE in New Oxford, the building to be of Brick two-stories high—35 feet in front and 50 feet deep.—All materials to be furnished by the Contractor.

The Seats and Desks are to be bid for separately from the proposals for the house.

The proposals must also be made to include the use of the materials of the old house, and also without the use of said materials.

The House to be erected on the present school lot, and the removal of the old school building to be at the cost of the Contractor.

The Contractor will be held to have the building finished and ready for use by the first day of September, 1861.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the residence of Jos. S. GITT, in New Oxford, and proposals received until 4 o'clock, P. M., on the above-named day, at which time they will be opened and the work awarded.

FRANCIS MARSHALL, PRESIDENT.
JOS. S. GITT, Secretary.
New Oxford, Dec. 12.

Public Sale of Real Estate.

BY virtue of a decree of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Administrator of the Estate of JAMES A. THOMPSON, late of the Borough of Gettysburg, deceased, will expose to sale, and sell at Public Vendue, on the premises, ON MONDAY, THE 31ST DAY OF DECEMBER, INST., the following described Real Estate, to wit:

A TOWN LOT, situated in the Borough of Gettysburg, and known on the plot of the Borough as No. 98, fronting on Chambersburg street about 66 feet, adjoining Lot of Joseph J. Kuhn on the west, and Smith and Reed on the east, on which is erected a Two-story Weather-boarded HOUSE, and also a story and a half Frame Weather-boarded Frame House, Stable, and other Out-buildings.

DAVID WILLS, ADM'R.
By order of the Court—H. G. WOLF, Clerk.
Dec. 12. ts

Valuation and Assessment for 1861.

IN pursuance of an Act of Assembly passed the 27th day of July, 1842, the following Statement is hereby published by the Commissioners of Adams county, which exhibits the amount, description and value of the Real and Personal Property, Trades, Occupations and Professions, made taxable by the several Acts of Assembly of this Commonwealth:

BOROUGHS AND TOWNSHIPS.	Real Estate, 2½ mills State and 4 mills County.	Live Stock, 2½ mills State and 4 mills County.	Money matters, 2½ mills State and 4 mills County.	Professions and Occupations, 4 mills County.	Professions and Occupations over $200, 1 per cent. State.	Foreign Bank Stock, 2½ mills State and 4 mills County.	Salaries and Emoluments over $200, 2 per cent. State.	Excess of Furniture over $300, 5 mills County.	Carriages, 1 per cent. State, 4 mills County.	Watches, State Tax.
Gettysburg	218398	7791	38258	63575	4350	.....	3100	.....	2640	$60
Cumberland	267619	18103	21362	6065	1000	.....	.....	.....	2185	2
Germany	162061	11570	39141	9580	.....	.....	.....	.....	2783	8
Oxford	181025	9816	77186	10720	.....	.....	.....	.....	2023	2
Huntington	220549	19861	28342	12830	.....	.....	.....	.....	4300	10
Latimore	161159	11471	35946	4760	.....	.....	.....	.....	2202	3
Hamiltonban	288793	17994	22929	13750	.....	.....	.....	.....	2209	16
Liberty	129618	9965	8220	3610	.....	.....	.....	.....	1507	3
Hamilton	185191	11172	28121	10150	.....	.....	.....	.....	2134	2
Menallen	179224	19729	14280	9990	.....	.....	.....	.....	3853	2
Straban	260273	23696	38965	8895	.....	.....	.....	.....	5842	3
Franklin	277381	22704	56585	14200	.....	.....	.....	.....	4265	.....
Conowago	199187	9798	32413	5700	.....	.....	.....	.....	1730	3
Tyrone	154117	12265	11500	4520	.....	.....	.....	.....	2585	1
Mountjoy	193912	15920	20661	5150	.....	.....	.....	.....	2755	.....
Mountpleasant	251733	21940	38630	9985	.....	.....	.....	.....	3721	5
Reading	205415	21223	43196	6407	.....	.....	.....	.....	4165	.....
Berwick	73674	5087	13771	1200	.....	.....	.....	200	968	.....
Berwick bor.	32155	2229	12900	4315	.....	.....	.....	.....	1135	.....
Freedom	79607	6330	16662	3120	.....	.....	.....	.....	125	.....
Union	222961	9557	69520	3718	.....	.....	.....	.....	1689	4
Butler	157251	16492	39729	8010	.....	.....	.....	.....	3297	3
Total	1104931	306013	710213	220280	5350	0000	3100	200	59532	127

New Buildings, $22,045.

DANIEL GEISELMAN,
JAMES H. MARSHALL,
WM. B. GARDNER,
Commissioners.

Attest—J. M. WALTER, Clerk.
December 19. 4t

Valuable Town Property

AT PRIVATE SALE.—That DESIRABLE PROPERTY, situate on Baltimore street, one door south of the Post Office, in Gettysburg, with alleys on the north and east, and adjoining Prof. Muhlenberg on the south. It consists of A HALF LOT OF GROUND, with a Two-story Roughcast Dwelling HOUSE, and a large two-story Brick Back-building, thereon; also a well of water in front and a (partnership) well in the rear of the dwelling.

☞This property was for many years occupied as a Tavern Stand, and is one of the most desirable in the town for business of any kind. A chance to purchase property so central is rarely offered, and capitalists will find this a rare chance. Apply to JACOB BENNER,
Nov. 7. 4t Agent for the Owners

Notice.

THE subscribers having been appointed Assignees of PETER MUSSELMAN & WIFE, of Hamiltonban township, under a deed of trust for the benefit of creditors, hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said Assignor, to make immediate payment of their respective dues; and all persons having claims or demands against said Assignor, to present the same to the undersigned, residing in said township, properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN MICKLEY,
WM. CULP,
Nov. 21. 6t Assignees.

Agricultural Society Election.

THE public are hereby notified that the Adams County Agricultural Society will hold its first Annual Election (under its new Charter), in the Public School House, in Bendersville, on THE 1ST MONDAY IN JANUARY, 1861, between the hours of 1 and 4, P. M., for the purpose of electing Officers and Managers to serve one year.

Dec. 12. td G. WILSON, SEC'Y.

Pay Up!

THE partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm name of DANNER & ZIEGLER, Jrs., having been dissolved, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to them, by Note or Book Account, to call and settle the same before the first day of January next, at which time their accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

Nov. 7. HENRY B. DANNER,
WAYBRIGHT ZIEGLER.

1860. Fall Millinery 1860.

AND DRESS GOODS.—MISS McCREARY is just opening a handsome assortment of BONNETS & LADIES' DRESS GOODS of the latest and most fashionable styles, which she will sell at the very lowest cash prices. ☞Ladies, call and examine them. [Sept. 26. tf

Notice---Gas Stock.

TO STOCKHOLDERS.—Payment of the fourth Installment upon subscriptions to the Capital stock of the Gettysburg Gas Company due ON THE 1ST OF NOVEMBER, 1860, is required to be made without delay to JOHN B. DANNER, the Treasurer.

☞By the Act of Assembly relating to Gas Companies, if notice for the payment of subscriptions of Stock be not complied with, the Company can require one per centum per month interest on the amount due and unpaid.

M. JACOBS, Pres't.
D. MCCONAUGHY, Sec'y. [Nov. 14.

Last Notice.

THE undersigned having removed from the Borough of Gettysburg, has left his books in the hands of A. J. COVER, Esq., for collection. All those who wish to save costs, will please call and pay up immediately.

Dec. 5. C. R. DORAN, M. D.

Notice.

THE supplemental and final account of JOHN BROUGH, assignee of MOSES MYERS, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams County, and will be confirmed by the said Court on the 21st day of January next, (1861) unless cause be shown to the contrary.

JACOB BUSHEY, PROTH'Y.
Prothonotary's Office, Gettysburg, Dec. 5, 1860. } tc

Three Desirable Farms

FOR SALE.—One adjoining, and the other two are four miles south of the Borough of Gettysburg.

Oct. 24. tf GEO. ARNOLD.

Change of Time.

GETTYSBURG RAILROAD.—On and after Wednesday, Nov. 26, 1860, the Morning Train will leave Gettysburg at 7.40, A. M., with passengers for all the connections. North and South, on the Northern Central Railway, and return about 1.20, P. M. The Afternoon Train will leave Gettysburg at 2.15, P. M.; but passengers by this Train can go no farther than Hanover the same evening. Returning will reach Gettysburg about 5.15, P. M., with passengers from Harrisburg, Philadelphia, &c. By this arrangement persons from the country, near the line of the Railroad, having business to transact in Gettysburg, can take the noon Train up and have nearly two hours in Gettysburg, and return in the Afternoon Train.

☞On Tuesdays and Saturdays passengers leaving Gettysburg in the Afternoon Train can connect at the Junction with the Train for York and Harrisburg.

Oct. 24. R. MCCURDY, Pres't.

SMALL Pictures accurately copied and enlarged at the Excelsior Sky-Light Gallery, Gettysburg. TYSON BROTHERS.

IF you want a premium Picture, go to Tyson's, go to Tyson's, go to Tyson's, in the corner, in the corner of the Square, Gettysburg.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale, on very accommodating terms, TWO FARMS.

No. 1, situate in Straban township, Adams county, 3 miles east of Gettysburg, 1 mile from the Railroad, containing 110 ACRES, more or less, the Improvements on which are a Stone House, good Bank Barn, and other Out-buildings. About 15 acres are in Meadow, and there is running spring-water in every field, which never fails. There is a large ORCHARD of choice grafted Fruit, about 4 acres. About 2700 or 2800 bushels of Lime have been put upon the farm, and its convenience to the Railroad renders Lime very accessible. There is a due proportion of Timber.

No. 2, situate in Cumberland township, on the Emmitsburg Road, a mile and a half from Gettysburg, containing 145 ACRES, more or less, the Improvements on which are a new Frame Dwelling House, large Brick Barn, and other Out-buildings; a well of water at the barn, and one at the house. About 22 acres are in Meadow.—There is a due proportion of Timber. About 3,000 bushels of Lime have been put upon the Farm.

The terms will be made known on application to the subscriber.

Aug. 20.—tf PETER TROSTLE.

Valuable Real Estate

AT PRIVATE SALE.—The subscriber, Attorney in Fact for the Widow and all the Children and Legal Representatives of PETER WEIKERT, deceased, offers at Private Sale, the following Properties belonging to the estate of said decedent, viz:

THE MANSION, or late residence of said deceased, being a full Lot, fronting on South Baltimore street, bounded by lot of Chamberlin's heirs on the north and west, on the south by an alley. The Improvements are a good two-story Brick DWELLING HOUSE, with a one story Brick Back Building, Wash House, and two additional one-story Houses, one of brick and the other log, with a Frame Stable, Wood House, a well of excellent water in the centre of the lot, with some fruit trees. This property will be sold entire or in two parts, as may best suit purchasers.

JACOB BENNER,
Attorney in Fact for the Widow and Heirs of Peter Weikert, deceased.
Sept. 5. tf

First-rate Properties for Sale.

THE subscriber has several very valuable Properties for sale, to which he calls the attention of persons wishing to purchase:—There are several in Gettysburg, and two or three first rate FARMS within two miles of Gettysburg—one of which is on the Chambersburg Turnpike, 2 miles from town, containing 126 Acres, and is one of the best locations in the County for a TAVERN STAND, having been occupied as such for many years. There is a large brick Tavern-house, Farm House, Bank Barn, and other Stabling, and all well supplied with water, Timber and Fruit Trees. This property, if not sold before the latter part of October, will be Rented.

The properties above mentioned, are all well located and desirable; and I ask every person wishing to invest in property to call with me before they purchase elsewhere, and examine the different premises, confident that I can accommodate him, and make it his interest to purchase.

I have at all times properties in the market both in town and country.

Aug. 20. tf JOSEPH WIBLE.

For Rent,

A HOUSE AND LOT, on my farm—situate in Hamiltonban township. The property would suit very well for a Mechanic, as pasture and hay for three head of cattle, fruit for family use, and fire-wood will be allowed. Apply to the subscriber for terms.

July 30. tf WM. WILSON (of D).

Notice.

HAVING purchased the News Store of Mr. LINDERMAN, it is my purpose to continue the business on a more extensive scale than heretofore. Daily city papers, and all the popular magazines and periodicals of the day always on hand. JOSEPH BROADHEAD.
Aug. 29. tf

Notice.

THERE will be an adjourned meeting of the Board of Officers of the 2d Brig., 4th Div., Uniformed Militia, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on Friday, Dec. 28th, 1860, at the house of Col. John L. Tate.

The Collectors of the County are expected to settle their Military accounts on or before that day; otherwise, by not complying with this request, they may subject themselves to trouble.

Signed by order of the Board of Officers,
C. H. BUEHLER, Pres't.
W. A. DUNCAN, Sec'y. [Dec. 12.

JUST RECEIVED—A large and beautiful variety of Gold Medallions, Ear Rings, Breastpins, &c., &c., which are offered at greatly reduced prices, by TYSON BROTHERS, Excelsior Sky-Light Gallery, Gettysburg, Pa.

PHOTOGRAPHS, plain or finished in water or oil colors at the Excelsior Sky-Light Gallery, Gettysburg, Pa.
Nov. 21. TYSON BROS.

A First-rate article of Buck Gloves, Berlin Lined, &c. for Men and Boys. Also, Ladies Dog' Skin, Lisle Thread and Kid Finish Gauntlets, Kid Gloves, &c., at
A. SCOTT & SON'S.

CLOTHS, Cassimeres, Vestings, Cassinetts, Kentucky Jeans, and Over-coatings, very cheap at FAHNESTOCK'S.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE AMALGAMATION OF LANGUAGES.—There is a growing tendency in this age to appropriate the most expressive words of other languages, and after a while to incorporate them into our own; thus the word Cephalic, which is from the Greek, signifying "for the head," is now becoming popularized in connection with Mr. Spalding's great Headache remedy, but it will soon be used in a more general way, and the word Cephalic will become as common as Electrotype and many others whose distinction as foreign words has been worn away by common usage until they seem "native and to the manor born."

'ARDLY REALIZED.

Hi 'ad 'n 'orrible 'eadache this hafternoon, hand I stepped into the hapothecaries hand says hi to the man, "Can you hease me of an 'eadache?" "Does it hache 'ard," says 'e. "Hexceedingly," says hi, hand upon that 'e gave me a Cephalic Pill, hand 'pon me 'onor it cured me so quick that I 'ardly realized I 'ad 'ad an 'eadache.

☞Headache is the favorite sign by which nature makes known any deviation whatever from the natural state of the brain, and viewed in this light it may be looked on as a safeguard intended to give notice of disease which might otherwise escape attention, till too late to be remedied; and its indications should never be neglected. Headaches may be classified under two names, viz: Symptomatic and Idiopathic. Symptomatic Headache is exceedingly common and is the precursor of a great variety of diseases, among which are Apoplexy, Gout, Rheumatism and all febrile diseases. In its nervous form it is sympathetic of disease of the stomach constituting sick headache, of hepatic disease constituting bilious headache, of worms, constipation and other disorders of the bowels, as well as renal and uterine affections. Diseases of the heart are very frequent attended with Headaches; Anæmia and plethora are also affections which frequently occasion headache. Idiopathic Headache is also very common, being usually distinguished by the name of nervous headache, sometimes coming on suddenly in a state of apparently sound health and prostrating at once the mental and physical energies, and in other instances it comes on slowly, heralded by depression of spirits or acerbity of temper. In most instances the pain is in the front of the head, over one or both eyes, and sometimes provoking vomiting; under this class may also be named Neuralgia.

For the treatment of either class of Headache the Cephalic Pills have been found a sure and safe remedy, relieving the most acute pains in a few minutes, and by its subtle power eradicating the diseases of which Headache is the unerring index.

☞*Bridget.*—Missus wants you to send her a box of Cephalic Glue, no, a bottle of Prepared Pills.—but I'm thinking that's not just it naither; but perhaps ye'll be afther knowing what it is. Ye see she's nigh deal and gone with the Sick Headache, and wants some more of that same as relaived her before.

Druggist.—You must mean Spalding's Cephalic Pills.

Bridget.—Och! sure now and av you've sed it, here's the quarthor and giv me the Pills and don't be all day about it aither.

CONSTIPATION OR COSTIVENESS.

No one of the "many ills flesh is heir to" is so prevalent, so little understood, and so much neglected as Costiveness. Often originating in carelessness, or sedentary habits, it is regarded as a slight disorder of too little consequence to excite anxiety, while in reality it is the precursor and companion of many of the most fatal and dangerous diseases, and unless early eradicated it will bring the sufferer to an untimely grave. Among the lighter evils of which costiveness is the usual attendant are Headache, Cholic, Rheumatism, Foul Breath, Piles, and others of like nature, while a long train of frightful diseases such as Malignant Fevers, Abscesses, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Dyspepsia, Apoplexy, Epilepsy, Paralysis, Hysteria, Hypochondriasis, Melancholy and Insanity, first indicate their presence in the system by this alarming symptom. Not unfrequently the diseases named originate in Constipation, but take on an independent existence unless the cause is eradicated in an early stage. From all these considerations it follows that the disorder should receive immediate attention whenever it occurs, and no person should neglect to get a box of Cephalic Pills on the first appearance of the complaint, as their timely use will expel the insidious approaches of disease and destroy this dangerous foe to human life.

GREAT DISCOVERY.—Among the most important of all the great medical discoveries of this age may be considered the system of vaccination for protection from Small Pox, the Cephalic Pill for relief of Headache, and the use of Quinine for the prevention of Fevers, either of which is a sure specific, whose benefits will be experienced by suffering humanity long after their discoverers are forgotten.

Cephalic Pills
CURE
Sick Headaches,
CURE
Nervous Headache
CURE
All kinds of
Headache.

By the use of these Pills the periodic attacks of Nervous or Sick Headache may be prevented; and if taken at the commencement of an attack immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained.

They seldom fail in removing the Nausea and Headache to which females are so subject.

They act gently upon the bowels,—removing Costiveness.

For Literary Men, Students, Delicate Females, and all persons of sedentary habits, they are valuable as a Laxative, improving the appetite, giving tone and vigor to the digestive organs, and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system.

The CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long investigation and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from Headache, whether originating in the nervous system or from a deranged state of the stomach.

They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with perfect safety without making any change of diet, and the absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

The genuine have five signatures of Henry C. Spalding on each Box.

Sold by Druggists and all other Dealers in Medicines.

A Box will be sent by mail prepaid on receipt of the

PRICE, 25 CENTS.

All orders should be addressed to
HENRY C. SPALDING,
Dec. 19. 48 Cedar street, New York.

Register's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to all legatees and other persons concerned, that the Administration Accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, *on Thursday the 27th day of December next*, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

231. The account of John Tudor, Administrator of Phebe Tudor, deceased.

232. The first and final account of David Musselman, Executor of the last will and testament of Christian Musser, late of Liberty township, deceased.

233. The account of Col. John Wolford, Administrator of John Snyder, deceased.

234. The first and final account of John Simpson, Guardian of Catharine Myers, one of the minor children of Jacob Myers, deceased, who has also deceased.

235. The first and final account of John Ferree and Susan Boblitz, Administrators of John Boblitz, deceased.

236. The first and final account of David Slagle, Guardian of Simon Slagle, minor son of Solomon Slagle, deceased.

237. The first and final account of Abraham Trostle, Guardian of the person and estate of Christiana Sunday.

238. The second and final account of James Davis, Administrator of the estate of Peter Fanes, deceased.

239. The second account of John Flohr, Executor of Wm. Flohr, deceased.

ZACHARIAH MYERS, *Register.*
Register's Office, Gettysburg, Nov. 28, 1860. } tc

Statement

OF THE BANK OF GETTYSBURG, as required by the second section of the Act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, approved the 13th day of October, A. D. 1857:

ASSETS.

Loans and Discounts,	$316,009 00
Specie,	27 971 76
Due by other Banks,	50,344 44
Notes of other Banks,	2,800 00
Stocks,	966 00
Judgments,	8,321 28
Bonds,	5,018 00
Real Estate,	6,400 00
	$417,831 12

LIABILITIES.

Circulation,	$191,835 00
Deposits,	24,124 23
Due to other Banks,	6,272 14
	$222,231 37

Capital, $145,150.

I, T. D. CARSON, Cashier of the Bank of Gettysburg, being affirmed, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

T. D. CARSON, *Cashier.*

Affirmed before me, this 11th day of Dec., A. D. 1860. GEO. ARNOLD, J. P.
Gettysburg, Dec. 12, 1860.

Grain! Grain!

THE subscriber still continues purchasing all kinds of Produce at his Old Stand on Chambersburg street, to wit:—Flour, Wheat, Rye, Corn and Oats, Seeds, &c., or which the highest Market price will be given.

☞I will also continue my GROCERY and VARIETY STORE, and will keep constantly on hand Groceries, Salt, Oil, Fish, Cedar Ware, Dry Goods, Confections, Plaster, Guano, &c. &c. The public are invited to call, as I am determined to sell cheap as the cheapest. JOHN SCOTT.
August 6. tf

STOVES,
Tin and Sheet Iron Ware.

SHEADS & BUEHLER, having purchased the Stock of Tin and Sheet Iron Ware of GEO. E. BUEHLER, have opened an Establishment in connection with their Stove Ware-room, under the superintendence of G. E. BUEHLER, and are now prepared to furnish every thing in that line, at the lowest prices. In addition to the ordinary Ware they have a large supply of Kitchen and House-furnishing Goods, of every variety, including ENAMELLED and TINNED KETTLES, PANS, &c., for preserving, frying and cooking. Call and see their splendid assortment of Stoves and House-furnishing Goods, at their Ware-house on the corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets

☞Spouting put up at shortest notice.

☞Lumber, Coal and Lime always on hand at their yard.

SHEADS & BUEHLER.
Gettysburg, Oct. 10. tf

1860. Fall & Winter Goods. 1860.

THE subscriber, having just returned from the Eastern Cities with a large and splendid assortment of HATS AND CAPS, would respectfully call the attention of purchasers to the same. His stock of Hats is full and complete, consisting in part of Mens' fashionable & handsome No. 1 Silk Hats, Dress Hats, Soft Hats, high, low and medium depth of crown, Cloth and Glazed Caps, Plush and Plush trimmed Caps, for men and boys, Fancy Hats and Caps for children, together with a good assortment of WOOL HATS, all of which will be sold at very low prices for cash. Also, a fine assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Black and Brown Vernon Hats, Felt Hats, &c.

Oct. 24. R. F. MCILHENY.

New Fall & Winter Clothing,

FOR MEN AND BOYS, with every article of wearing apparel in that line, together with Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Carpet Sacks, Double Barrel Guns and Pistols, Revolvers, and a splendid article of the improved and celebrated Colt's Revolver, with all the necessary fixtures to it. Buffalo Robes and Over Shoes, India Rubber Over Coats and Leggings, Hosiery, &c., Guitars, Fiddles, Flutes and Fifes, Jewelry and Watches, together with many other useful articles, all of which are sold VERY CHEP.—You ask where? Why, at SAMSON'S, where every one can buy good and cheap goods—THAT'S THE SPOT. The old County Buildings, N. E. Corner of the Diamond. [Oct. 17.

PREMIUM AMBROTYPES!
PREMIUM PHOTOGRAPHS!!
PREMIUM MELAINOTYPES!!!
PREMIUM SPHEROTYPES!!!!
PREMIUM PICTURES!!!!!

OF EVERY STYLE, at the Excelsior Sky-Light Gallery, Gettysburg, Pa.
Nov. 21. TYSON BROTHERS.

John W. Tipton,

FASHIONABLE BARBER, North-east corner of the Diamond, (next door to McClellan's Hotel,) Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also excellent assistance and will ensure satisfaction. Give him a call. Dec. 5.

Henry Hughes,

SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER, Gettysburg, Pa., having just returned from a visit to the Great Eastern, is now supplied with a large assortment of Saddles, Harness, Trunks, Valises, &c. Give me a call.
Aug. 20. tf

Alexander Frazer,

CLOCK & WATCH-MAKER, has removed his shop to the house lately occupied by Widow Herbst, near the west end of Chambersburg street, south side, where he will always be happy to attend to the calls of his customers. He is thankful for past favors, and hopes to receive the continued patronage of the public.
Oct. 31. tf

1ST Premium awarded to TYSON BROTHERS at the "Menallen Agricultural Fair," for the best display of Ambrotypes and Photographs.

Excelsior Sky-Light Gallery,
Cor. of Centre Square,
Nov. 21. Gettysburg, Pa.

PERSONS will find a good assortment of Knives and Forks, Brunswick and Albata Table and Tea Spoons, &c. cheap at the new store of A. SCOTT & SON.

Rush to Schick's!

NEW GOODS!—J. L. SCHICK, S. W. corner of the Diamond, Gettysburg, respectfully calls the attention of purchasers to his new and splendid stock of FALL & WINTER GOODS!

His stock is so large and so well-arranged to suit town and country trade, that it is impossible to even make mention of his most desirable Goods. All he asks is for persons to call and examine his complete stock. They will go away well pleased and soon return for more. He has a full stock of DRESS GOODS, of every description: Plain and Figured Merinoes and Cashmeres, all wool Plaids, all wool Delaines, cotton Plaids, plain and figured. Valencias, French Reefs, Arabian Stripes, Velours, Lavellas, Gruevellas & Mous. de Lains, all prices.—A large stock of Traveling DRESS GOODS, plain and figured Silks, Flounces. A full and complete stock of Prints constantly on hand.—CLOTHS, Cassimeres, Duster Cloths, Satinetts, Tweeds, Jeans; French, English and American Shawls, Plaid and Knitted Shawls for Children—all styles and prices. HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS, of every description. A full and complete stock of NOTIONS, Perfumery, Jewelry, Hosiery, Gloves, Gents' and Ladies' Gauntlets, Wool Capes and Hoods, of the very latest styles. Thread and Cotton Edgings, Laces, &c. &c. &c. &c.

☞ALL COME! No trouble to show Goods.
Oct. 31. tf

Second Arrival This Fall.

LARGER STOCK THAN EVER!—JACOBS & BRO., have just received their second purchase of Fall and Winter Goods, which they offer cheaper than ever, having bought at the most favorable rates They ask the public to call in and see their large assortment, convinced that every taste can be gratified. Their Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Cassinetts, Cords, Jeans, &c., cannot be excelled for variety, and then the low prices at which they are offered are really astonishing. Goods made up at the shortest notice, in the latest styles, and at as reasonable rates as can be expected. Their Establishment is in Chambersburg street, a few doors below Buehler's Drug Store. [Oct. 17.

New Goods! New Goods!!

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS would respectfully inform the public that they have returned from the Cities with the largest, cheapest and prettiest stock of GOODS ever opened in the County, consisting of Ladies' Dress Goods, Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Vestings, Domestics, &c. all of which will be offered so low, as to defy competition. ☞Give us a call.—No trouble to show Goods at the Sign of the
Oct. 17.] RED FROST.

"Quick Sales and Small Profits."

HAVING purchased a large and varied assortment of FALL and WINTER GOODS, we are prepared to offer bargains to all who may favor us with a call. We will not attempt to particularize, as our stock comprises Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Fancy Articles, Trimmings, &c. &c. together with a large assortment of Groceries and Queensware, to which we would respectfully ask an examination before purchasing, as we are determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest. Thankful for the liberal encouragement heretofore extended to us we would respectfully ask a continuance of the same.

Oct. 17. A. SCOTT & SON.

Gettysburg Boot & Shoe

EMPORIUM.—SOUTH-EAST CORNER OF CENTRE SQUARE.—The public are respectfully requested to bear in mind that at this Store may be found a large assortment of BOOTS AND SHOES, of the best material.

The subscriber, having just returned from Philadelphia, where he selected with care and upon the best terms, a large assortment of Boots and Shoes, his stock is now full and complete, and he flatters himself that he can please the most fastidious. Call and examine my stock.—Custom made Boots and Shoes always on hand.

Oct. 24. tf R. F. MCILHENY.

Hat. Boot. Shoe.

MORE NEW GOODS AT THE SIGN OF THE BIG BOOT.—The undersigned have just received a fresh supply of Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Trunks, Carpet Bags, &c. Also, have a good supply of Saddles and Harness, Bridles, Collars, &c.

☞Shoes and Boots of all kinds made to order by first-rate workmen, and on short notice. Prices low for cash.

Nov. 21. COBEAN & CULP.

Shawls, Cloaks, Furs.

J. A. GARDNER

HAS on hand a splendid assortment of *SHAWLS, CLOAKS, and FURS,* of the newest and handsomest styles, to which he invites the attention of the Ladies.

PETERSBURG, (Y. S.), Nov. 21. 3t

DOMESTICS, TICKINGS, CHECKS, FLANNELS, &c., cheap at Fahnestock's. We have also a MUSLIN—branded with our own name to which we invite especial attention, as it excels by far, any ever offered in this market for the price.

Ladies,

IF you call at Fahnestock's you will find the handsomest DRESS GOODS in town, Delaines, Cashmeres, Figured Merinoes, Coburg, French Merinoes, all Wool, as low as 75 cents a yard. Call soon.

Oct. 17. FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

A. SCOTT & SON, are selling Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Jeans, and all kinds of Domestic Goods cheap. Call and see!

Tyson Brothers

TAKE pleasure in announcing to their kind patrons and friends that their New and extensive "SKY-LIGHT GALLERY" (on the south side of York street, opposite the Bank and one door below their old gallery) is nearly completed, and they hope to welcome the public in the New Establishment, on and after January 1st, 1861, until then they will continue operating in their old room, corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pa. Nov. 21.

"Wide Awake" Meetings

EVERY NIGHT THIS WEEK, AT THE "BLUES' HALL," and every day between the hours of 7, A. M., and 6½, P. M., at the South-west corner of the Diamond, in GEO. ARNOLD'S Clothing Store, he having just returned from the city with a superior stock of Black Olive and Brown Cloths, for Over or Dress Coats, the best selection of Black and Fancy Cassimeres, Coburg Valencias, Solferinos, Mous. Delaines, Ginghams, Calicoes, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, Sheeting and Bagging, all of plain or neat fashionable figures, in a word, the styles are just the "AGONY" for the times, all of which will be sold at the very lowest cash prices.

ALSO—READY-MADE Clothing in every variety, style and size. If we cannot fit you, W. T. KING, who never misses a fit, will take your measure and make you a garment on the shortest possible notice. [Oct. 10.

New Livery Establishment.

THE subscriber having purchased the Livery Stables of Charles M. Tate, deceased, on Chambersburg street, a few doors west of the Eagle Hotel, he respectfully announces to the public that it is his intention to continue the business at the same place, and will be prepared to accommodate all with anything in his line, on reasonable terms.—Horses, Buggies, Coaches, Hacks, &c., always in readiness. Give me a call.

Also, in connection with my Livery, I will carry on the Blacksmithing business in all its branches at the shop on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, where those wishing anything in that line can always be accommodated. SAMUEL HERBST.
July 23. tf

MILLINERS and others will find a good assortment of Ribbons, Flowers, Plumes, Ruches, &c. at the cheap store of
A. SCOTT & SON.

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Professional Cards.

DAVID A. BUEHLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
OFFICE at his residence on Baltimore street, opposite the New Court-House.

WM. B. M'CLELLAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
OFFICE on West Middle street, adjoining the new Court-house.

A. J. GLOVER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
WILL promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to him.—Office between Fahnestock's and Danner and Ziegler's Stores, Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa. [Sept. 5.

D. M'CONAUGHY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office removed to one door west of Buehler's (Drug & Book-Store, Chambersburg street.)
ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR
For Pensions and Patents,
Bounty Land Warrants, Back-Pay Suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D.C: also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Lands for sale in Iowa, Illinois, and other Western States; and Agents engaged locating Warrants there.
☞ Apply to him personally or by letter.
Gettysburg, Nov. 7.

J. C. NEELY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE in the S. E. corner of the Diamond, (formerly occupied by Wm. B. M'Clellan, Esq.,) Gettysburg, Pa.
March 26.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.
DENTIST,
HAS his Office one door west of the Lutheran Church, on Chambersburg strt., opposite F. Picking's Store, where persons wishing to have any Dental operations performed are respectfully invited to call.
REFERENCES.
Rev. C. P. Krauth, D. D | Prof. Muhlenberg,
Prof. M. Jacobs, | " M. L. Stoever,
H. L. Baugher, | Dr. H. S. Huber.

DR. A. W. DORSEY,
FORMERLY of Carroll county, Md., having permanently located in Gettysburg, offers his professional services to the citizens of the town and surrounding country in the practice of the various branches of his profession. Office and residence, Baltimore street, next door to the Compiler office, where he may be found at all times when not professionally engaged.
REFERENCES.
Prof. Nathan R. Smith, Baltimore, Md.
Rev Augustus Webster, D. D., Balto. Md.
Dr. J. L. Warfield, } Westminster, Md.
Dr. W. A. Mathias, }
Jacob Reese, Esq., }
John K. Longwell, Esq., }
Geo. E. Wampler, Esq., }
Rev. Thomas Bowen, Gettysburg.
Oct. 25. 6m

$100,000.---Safe Investment!
ANY person having money to invest, whether to the amount of the above or not, will call at the Cheap Clothing Store of FRANKLIN B. PICKING, in Chambersburg street, where will be found the largest, cheapest and best selected assortment of OVERCOATS ever brought into this County—among which are Beaver Cloths, Seal Skins, Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, &c. &c.—in short every style at any price.

THE 5,600 VOTERS OF ADAMS COUNTY, who went to the polls on Election day, as well as those who remained at home, will please bear in mind that F. B. PICKING has just received a splendid assortment of DRESS COATS, CASSIMERE BUSINESS-COATS, in endless variety, Satinetts, &c. &c. at prices to suit all classes and conditions.

ADAMS COUNTY, SS.—You are hereby politely requested to call at PICKING'S and examine the finest and largest stock of PANTS, of every description, ever brought to this market. Black Doe Skin, Fancy Cassimeres, of every shade conceivable, together with Satinetts, Double and Twists, Cords, Jeans, &c.

"DINEY'S LAND," 'tis said, is a pretty place, but nothing to compare with the splendid assortment of VESTS, just received at PICKING'S, of all kinds of material—every color, style and price.

OLD BOREAS IS HERE!—Prepare to meet him by calling at PICKING'S, who can furnish you cheaply with Under Shirts, of every kind, Drawers, Socks, Gloves, Comforts, Gentlemen's Shawls, and in fact any article intended to frighten the old fellow off.
☞ Thankful for the liberal share of patronage heretofore extended to me, I hope, by upright dealing, and by offering great bargains, to merit a continuance of the same.
Oct. 24. tf F. B. PICKING.

New Confectionery & Ice Cream SALOON.
THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he has just opened a new Confectionery Establishment, one door east of the Eagle Hotel, on Chambersburg street, to which he would invite their attention.
Cakes, Candies and every description of Confections—together with Nuts, Oranges, and all kinds of Fruits—always on hand.
Summer Drinks—such as Meads, Pop, Mineral Water, and anything else intended to please the palate and refresh the system during the hot summer months.
Parties, public and private, as well as families, will be furnished with all kinds of Cake, Ice Cream, (in pyramidal form or otherwise) and other refreshments, at their houses, upon short notice.
Having spent a life time at the business he flatters himself that he fully understands it and that he is able to render entire satisfaction. Call and see the new Confectionery.
May 14. JOHN GRUELL.

Removal.
NEW SALOON.—GEO. F. ECKENRODE has removed his Oyster Establishment to the splendid new Saloon in Jacobs & Bro's. Building on the north side of Chambersburg street, where he will at all times be prepared to serve up the best of OYSTERS, in every style. By keeping a good article, he expects to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
TURTLE SOUP, CHICKEN, BEEF TONGUE, PIG'S FEET, TRIPE, BOILED and FRIED EGGS, ICE CREAM, BIRDS, &c. in their season. A nice glass of ALE, or LAGER can always be had.—Come and try me. G. F. ECKENRODE.
April 9. tf

Granite Stone Yard.
PETER BEITLER
RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Gettysburg and citizens generally, that he has removed his Granite Yard from its old location down beside the main track of the Railroad, a few steps below the Freight and Engine Houses, where he is better prepared than ever to furnish Granite Stone, dressed in every style,
Monuments, Door Sills,
and STEPS for every kind of buildings and ornamental use, also CEMETERY BLOCKS, always on hand.
March 12. 1y

IF you want any article usually kept in a first class Boot and Shoe Store, call at
McILHENY'S.

Sixpence a Day,
ENOUGH FOR A FORTUNE!—A London paper states: There is now in an almshouse at Bristol an old man who states that for sixty years he spent six-pence a day in drink but never was intoxicated. How much would this sixpence a day put by every year at five per cent. compound interest, amount to in sixty years, inquired a thoughtful neighbor? Putting down the first year's saving (365 sixpences) equal to $43 54, he added the interest, and thus went on year by year, until he found that in the 60th year the sixpence a day reached the startling sum of $14,336 28. Judge of the old man's surprise when told that by saving his sixpence a day and depositing it in a Savings Institution he might now, at the end of 60 years, been worth that noble sum $14,336 28, which would have bought him a fine Farm, or Town Mansion; and surrounded him with comforts and luxuries, and left a handsome estate to his children after him. He had, and hundreds now in our midst have, but to deposit sixpence a day in the Farmers' and Mechanics' Savings Institution of Adams county to accomplish this result.
Gettysburg, July 23. tf

The Mutual Life Insurance
COMPANY OF NEW YORK.—Assets: Over Six Millions of Dollars, invested in first Mortgages on Real Estate, worth over $13,000,000.
The premiums are LOWER than in many other Companies, and the Dividends have been GREATER.
This is a strictly MUTUAL Company.—There are no Stockholders, so that ALL THE PROFITS belong to the insured.
Pamphlets, and every information, may be had GRATIS, on application to EDW. G. FAHNESTOCK, Gettysburg, Pa.

PHILADELPHIA REFERENCES:
Thomas Robins, Mordecai L. Dawson, George M. Stroud, John B. Myers, Joseph Patterson, John M. Atwood, Thomas H. Powers, William McKee, John Welsh, George H. Stuart, E. S. Whelen, J. Fisher Leaming, William G. Ludwig, Arthur G. Coffin, George W. Poland, Thos. Watson.
F. RATCHFORD STARR, *Agent*, Philadelphia.
June 11. 1y

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL Fire Insurance Company.
Incorporated March 18, 1851
OFFICERS.
President—George Swope.
Vice President—S. R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—David M'Creary.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Andrew Heintzelman, Jacob King.
MANAGERS:

George Swope,	S. Fahnestock,
D. A. Buehler,	Wm. B. Wilson,
R. M'Curdy,	H. A. Picking,
Jacob King,	Wm. B. M'Clellan,
A. Heintzelman,	John Wolford,
D. M'Creary,	R. G. M'Creary,
J. J. Kerr,	John Horner,
M. Eichelberger,	John Picking,
S. R. Russell,	Abel T. Wright,
J. R. Hersh,	Abdiel F. Gitt.
Andrew Polley,	

☞ This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in successful operation for more than six years, and in that period has paid all losses and expenses, *without any assessment*, having also a large surplus capital in the Treasury. The Company employs no Agents—all business being done by the Managers, who are annually elected by the Stockholders. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.
☞ The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company on the last Wednesdays on every month, at 2, P.M.
Sept. 21.

Gettysburg Foundry.
THE subscriber, having purchased the Foundry of Messrs. Zorbaugh, Sloat & Co., (formerly Warrens' Foundry), has commenced business, and is now prepared to offer to the public a larger assortment of Machinery than has heretofore been offered, such as THRESHING MACHINES, Clover Hullers, Fodder-cutters, Corn Shellers, and Morgan's late improved Horse Rake. Also, STOVES, such as Cook Stoves, three different kinds; and five different sizes of Tenplate Stoves. Likewise Mill and Saw mill Castings, and all kinds of Turning in Iron or Wood.
☞ REPAIRING of all kinds of Machinery and Castings will be done to order on short notice. Patterns made to order;—Plough Castings ready made; PLOUGHS, such as Seyler, Witherow, Plocher, Woodcock, and many others not mentioned here; and eight different kinds of IRON FENCING, for Cemeteries, Porches or Yards.
Also, Mortising Machines, one of the best now in use. This Machine works with a lever by hand; any little boy can manage it.
Call and examine our stock; no doubt but what we can please. Persons ought to see it their advantage to buy machinery of any kind at home, where it is manufactured, so that they can very easily get any part replaced or repaired. DAVID STERNER.
Gettysburg, Feb. 27. 1y

Cannon & Adair's NEW MARBLE WORKS,
CORNER of Baltimore and East Middle street, directly opposite the new Court House, Gettysburg. Having recently arrived from Philadelphia, and feeling fully competent to execute all work in the finest style of the art, we would respectfully invite the attention of the public wishing to procure anything in our line, to favor us with a call and examine specimens of our work. We are prepared to furnish **Monuments, Tombs and Headstones, Marble Mantles, Slabs** for Cabinet makers, and all other work appertaining to our business, at the lowest possible prices. We do not hesitate to guarantee that our work shall be put up in a manner substantial and tasteful equal to the best to be seen in the cities, where every improvement which experience has suggested is availed of, and especially do we guarantee that our Cemetery and Grave Yard work shall be so carefully set as not to be affected by frost, but shall maintain for years that exactness of position given at the completion of a job and so necessary to continued gracefulness and symmetry.
Oct. 25. tf

Marble Yard Removed.
THE subscriber having removed his place of business to East York Street, a short distance below St. James' Church, would announce to the public that he is still prepared to furnish all kinds of work in his line, such as Monuments, Headstones, &c., &c., of every variety of style and finish, with and without bases and sockets, to suit purchasers, and at prices to suit the times. Persons desiring anything in his line will find it a decided advantage to examine his stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.
March 21. tf WM. B. MEALS.

30,000 LBS. PORK WANTED in December next, for which CASH will be paid. Farmers who have the article for sale, will do well by calling and making engagements with the subscriber, at his Flour, Bacon & Grocery Store, in West Middle-street, Gettysburg. GEO. LITTLE.
Oct. 31. tf

BUFFALO ROBES, Sleigh Bells, Buffalo Socks, Gum Shoes, Umbrellas, Gum Overcoats, Carpet Sacks, and Trunks of every kind, cheap at PICKING'S.

A BOOK
That Every Farmer, Mechanic & Business Man Wants.
JUST PUBLISHED,
THE TOWNSHIP AND LOCAL LAWS, OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, Compiled from the Acts of Assembly by WM. T. HAINES, Esq., and published by EDWARD F. JAMES, West Chester, Pa.
This work contains over 400 pages closely printed matter, and will be sold by subscription.
It teaches the duties of Justices of the Peace, with forms for the transaction of their business.
It teaches the duties of Constables with all the necessary forms, appertaining to the office.
It contains the duties of the Supervisors of every County and Township in the State.
It contains the mode of procedure for the laying out and opening of public and private roads, of vacating and altering roads, the building of bridges, &c., &c.
It contains the Common School Law, with explanations, decisions and directions, together with forms for Deeds, Bonds, Contracts, Certificates, &c., &c. This department of the work was compiled at Harrisburg by Mr. Samuel P. Bates, Deputy Superintendent, and is alone worth the price of the volume to any one interested in Common Schools.
It contains the duties of Township Auditors.
It contains the laws relative to Dogs and Sheep.
It contains the duties of Assessors.
It contains the laws in relation to Strays, Mules and Swine.
It contains the laws relative to Fences and Fence Viewers.
It contains the laws relative to Game Hunting, Trout and Deer.
It contains the Election Laws with all the necessary Forms.
It contains the Naturalization Laws, with all the necessary Forms for Application.
It contains a large number of Legal FORMS, which are used in the every day transaction of business, such as Acknowledgments, Affidavits, Articles of Agreements and Contracts, Partnership, Apprentices, Assignments, Attestations, Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes, Bills of Sale, Bonds, Checks, Covenants, Deeds, Depositions, Due Bills and Produce Notes, Landlord and Tenant, Leases, Letters of Attorney, Marriage, Mortgages, Receipts and Releases. The work is bound in Law sheep, and will be sold to subscribers at $1.25 per copy, payable on delivery of the work. The work has passed the revision of many of the best Lawyers in the State and has received their unqualified approbation, as a reliable hand book of reference upon all subjects upon which it treats. The whole is arranged in such a manner as to present a plain, concise and explicit statement of the duties of all Township Officers, as may be readily understood by any one. Adams County will be thoroughly canvassed for the work, and the support of the citizens is respectfully solicited.
☞ A. D. BUEHLER, Gettysburg, is General Agent for Adams County.
P. S. Good canvassers are wanted in all parts of this County for the above work, to whom a liberal compensation will be given. Applications which must be made at an early date, addressed to Mr. BUEHLER as above will receive prompt attention. [Dec. 12.

R. Newell's
PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY, No. 724 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.—One of the largest and most complete Galleries in the United States, where the best Pictures, known to the Photographic Art, are taken at prices no higher than are paid for miserable caricatures.
The Proprietor, a practical Photographer, attends personally, every sitting—and allows no picture to leave the Gallery unless it gives perfect satisfaction.
Daguerreotypes and Ambrotypes, of absent or deceased friends, photographed to any required size, or taken on Canvass, life size, and painted in Oil by the best Artists.
At this Gallery pictures can be taken in any weather—as perfect in cloudy days as when the sun shines.
Persons visiting the city are respectfully invited to examine our specimens, which for price and quality defy competition.
☞ Instructions given in the art of Photography. R. NEWELL, GALLERY OF ART,
Nov. 28. 3m 724 Arch Street, Philada.

COMMENDATIONS:
From Hon. Lewis D. Campbell, M. C., Ohio.
My family and friends all concur in the opinion that the (Newell) Picture is more life-like than any thing they ever saw. My likeness has been repeatedly taken by different Artists in various ways, but I have never yet had one which presents so true to nature, all the features and expressions of countenance as this.
From Hon. E. Joy Morris, late Minister to Italy.
The exquisite finish, beauty and softness of your portraits, conjoined with their durability of color, and faithfulness as likenesses, cannot fail to commend them to the attention and patronage of all who appreciate true art.
From Col. James Page.
Having occasion for a portrait, I procured one from Mr. Robert Newell, of the city of Philadelphia, a miniature in Oil Colors, UNDER THE NEW PROCESS DISCOVERED BY HIM, and take pleasure in expressing the satisfaction given me, not only by the accuracy of the likeness, but its artistic finish in all respects, and recommend him to the patronage of those disposed to encourage the beautiful art. JAS. PAGE.

DR. ESENWEIN'S
Tar and Wood Naptha Pectoral,
IS the best medicine in the world for the Cure of Coughs and Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Asthma, Difficulty in Breathing, Palpitation of the Heart, Diptheria, and for the relief of patients in the advanced stages of Consumption, together with all Diseases of the Throat and Chest, and which predispose to Consumption.
It is peculiarly adapted to the radical cure of Asthma,
Being prepared by a practical Physician and Druggist, and one of great experience in the cure of the various diseases to which the Human frame is liable.
It is offered to the afflicted with the greatest confidence.
Try it and be convinced that it is invaluable in the Cure of Bronchial affections.—Price 50 cents per Bottle.
☞ Prepared only by Dr. A. ESENWEIN & CO., Druggists and Chemists, N. W. Corner Ninth & Poplar Streets, Philadelphia.
☞ Sold by every respectable Druggist and Dealer in Medicine throughout the State.
April 2. 1y

De Forrest, Armstrong & Co.
DRY GOODS MERCHANTS, Nos. 75, 77, 79, 81, 83 and 85 Duane street, N. Y., would notify the Trade that they are opening Weekly, in new and beautiful patterns, the
WAMSUTTA PRINTS,
ALSO THE
AMOSKEAG,
A New Print, which excels every Print in the Country for perfection of execution and design in full Madder Colors. Our Prints are cheaper than any in market, and meeting with extensive sale. Orders promptly attended to.
Feb. 6.

To Persons out of Employment.
AGENTS WANTED TO SELL THE ERIE SEWING MACHINE.—We will give a Commission, or wages at from $25 to $60 per month, and expenses paid. This is a new Machine, and so simple in its construction that a child of 10 years can learn to operate it by half an hour's instruction. It is equal to any Family Sewing Machine in use, and the price is but Fifteen Dollars.
Persons wishing an agency will address
J. N. BOYLAN,
Secretary Erie Sewing Machine Company,
Nov. 14. 6w Milan, Ohio.

DO not forget to call at A. SCOTT & SON'S, if you want to buy cheap Dress Goods: such as Cassimeres, De Laines, Printed Merinoes, Coburgs, &c., all of new and fashionable designs.

The People's Cook Book.
MODERN COOKERY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.—By Miss ELIZA ACTON. Carefully Revised by Mrs. S. J. HALE.
It Tells You How to choose all kinds of Meats, Poultry, Game, with all the various and most approved modes of dressing and cooking Beef and Pork; also, the best and simplest way of salting, pickling and curing the same.
It Tells You All the various and most approved modes of dressing, cooking, and boning Mutton, Lamb, Veal, Poultry, and Game of all kinds, with the different Dressings, Gravies, and Stuffings appropriate to each.
It Tells You How to choose, clean, and preserve Fish of all kinds, and how to sweeten it when tainted; also, all the various and most approved modes of cooking, with the different Dressings, Sauces, and Flavorings appropriate to each.
It Tells You All the various and most approved modes of preparing over fifty different kinds of Meat, Fish, Fowl, Game, and Vegetable Soups, Broths, and Stews, with the Relishes and Seasonings appropriate to each.
It Tells You All the various and most approved modes of cooking Vegetables of every description, also how to prepare Pickles, Catsups and Curries of all kinds, Potted Meats, Fish, Game, Mushrooms, &c.
It Tells You All the various and most approved modes of preparing and cooking all kinds of Plain and Fancy Pastry, Puddings, Omelets, Fritters, Cakes, Confectionery, Preserves, Jellies, and Sweet Dishes of every description.
It Tells You All the various and most approved modes of making Bread, Rusks, Muffins, and Biscuit, the best method of preparing Coffee, Chocolate, and Tea, and how to make Syrups, Cordials, and Wines of various kinds.
It Tells You How to set out and ornament a Table, how to Carve all kinds of Fish, Flesh or Fowl, and in short, how to so simplify the whole Art of cooking as to bring the choicest luxuries of the table within everybody's reach.
The book contains 418 pages, and upwards of twelve hundred Recipes, all of which are the results of actual experience, having been fully and carefully tested under the personal superintendence of the writers. It is printed in a clear and open type, is illustrated with appropriate engravings, and will be forwarded to any address, neatly bound, and postage paid, on receipt of the price, $1.00, or in cloth, extra, $1.25.
$1,000 A YEAR can be made by enterprising men everywhere, in selling the above work, our inducements to all such being very liberal.
For single copies of the Book, or for terms to agents, with other information, apply to or address
JOHN E. POTTER, *Publisher*,
No. 617 Sansom St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Dec. 5. 6m

Great Work on the Horse.
THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES: by ROBERT JENNINGS, V. S., Professor of Pathology and Operative Surgery in the Veterinary College of Philadelphia, etc., etc.
Will tell You Of the Origin, History and distinctive traits of the various breeds of European, Asiatic, African and American Horses, with the physical formation and peculiarities of the animal, and how to ascertain his age by the number and condition of his teeth; illustrated with numerous explanatory engravings.
Will Tell You Of Breeding, Breaking, Stabling, Feeding, Grooming, Shoeing, and the general management of the horse, with the best modes of administering medicine, also, how to treat Biting, Kicking, Rearing, Shying, Stumbling, Crib Biting, Restlessness, and other vices to which he is subject; with numerous explanatory engravings.
THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES
Will Tell You Of the causes, symptoms, and Treatment of Strangles, Sore Throat, Distemper, Catarrh, Influenza, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Pleurisy, Broken Wind, Chronic Cough, Roaring and Whistling, Lampas, Sore Mouth and Ulcers, and Decayed Teeth, with other diseases of the Mouth and Respiratory Organs.
THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES
Will Tell You Of the causes, symptoms, and Treatment of Worms, Bots, Colic, Strangulation, Stony Concretions, Ruptures, Palsy, Diarrhœa, Jaundice, Hepatirrhœa, Bloody Urine, Stones in the Kidneys and Bladder, Inflammation, and other diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Liver and Urinary Organs.
THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES
Will Tell You Of the causes, symptoms, and Treatment of Bone, Blood and Bog Spavin, Ring-bone, Sweenie, Strains, Broken Knees, Wind Galls, Founder, Sole Bruise and Gravel, Cracked Hoofs, Scratches, Canker, Thrush, and Corns; also, of Megrims, Vertigo, Epilepsy, Staggers, and other diseases of the Feet, Legs, and Head.
THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES
Will Tell You Of the causes, symptoms, and Treatment of Fistula, Poll Evil, Glanders, Farcy, Scarlet Fever, Mange, Surfeit, Locked Jaw, Rheumatism, Cramp, Galls, Diseases of the Eye and Heart, &c., &c., and how to manage Castration, Bleeding, Trephinning, Roweling, Firing, Hernia, Amputation, Tapping, and other surgical operations.
THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES
Will Tell You Of Rarey's method of taming Horses; how to Approach, Halter, or Stable a Colt; how to accustom a horse to strange sounds and sights, and how to Bit, Saddle, Ride, and Break him to Harness: also, the form and law of WARRANTY. The whole being the result of more than fifteen years' careful study of the habits, peculiarities, wants and weaknesses of this noble and useful animal.
The book contains 384 pages, appropriately illustrated by nearly One Hundred Engravings. It is printed in a clear open type, and will be forwarded to any address, postage paid, on receipt of price, half bound, $1,00, or, in cloth, extra, $1.25.
$1,000 A YEAR can be made by enterprising men everywhere, in selling the above, and other popular works of ours. Our inducements to all such are exceedingly liberal.
For single copies of the Book, or for terms to Agents, with other information, apply to or address
JOHN E. POTTER, *Publisher*,
No. 617 Sansom St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Dec. 5. 6m

WALL PAPER.
WE have just received from the City a large assortment of WALL PAPER, and WINDOW BLINDS of the latest styles, and will be sold at the lowest rates possible. We have also the best and cheapest articles of *Window Blind Fixtures*, which are in the market.
We have still on hand a good assortment of HATS, SHOES & HARNESS, and other articles in our line of business. Give us a call—we will sell at prices to suit the times.
Feb. 4.—tf COBEAN & CULP.

CLOCKS, Accordeons, Violins, Flutes, Fifes, &c. &c. together with all kinds of Notions, and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, of every description, to be had at PICKING'S.

A Large and varied assortment of plain and fancy, oval and square gilded frames constantly on hand and for sale low, at the Excelsior Sky-Light Gallery, Gettysburg, Pa.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.
Moffat's Vegetable Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters.
THE high and envied celebrity which these pre-eminent Medicines have acquired for their invariable efficacy in all the diseases which they profess to cure, has rendered the usual practice of puffing not only unnecessary, but unworthy of them. They are known by their fruits; their good works testify for them, and they thrive not by the faith of the credulous.
In all cases of Asthma, Acute and Chronic Rheumatism, Affections of the Bladder and Kidneys, Bilious Fevers and Liver Complaints, in the South and West, where these diseases prevail, they will be found invaluable. Planters, farmers and others, who once use these Medicines, will never afterwards be without them.
Bilious Cholic and Serous Looseness, Biles, Costiveness, Cholic, Colds and Coughs.
Consumption.—Used with great success in this disease.
Corrupt Humors, Dropsies.
Dyspepsia.—No person with this distressing disease should delay using these medicines immediately.
Eruptions of the Skin, Erysipelas and Flatulency.
Fever and Ague.—For this scourge of the Western country these medicines will be found a safe, speedy and certain remedy.—Other medicines leave the system subject to a return of the disease—a cure by these medicines is permanent. Try them, be satisfied, and be cured.
Foulness of Complexion, General Debility, Gout, Giddiness, Gravel, Headache of every kind, Inward Fever, Inflammatory Rheumatism, Impure Blood, Jaundice, Loss of Appetite.
Liver Complaints, Leprosy, Looseness, Mercurial Diseases.
Never fails to eradicate entirely all the effects of Mercury infinitely sooner than the most powerful preparation of Sarsaparilla.
Night Sweats, Nervous Debility, Nervous Complaints of all kinds, Organic Affections, Palpitation of the Heart, Painters' Cholic.
Piles.—The original proprietor of these medicines was cured of Piles of 35 years' standing by the use of these Life Medicines alone.
Pains in the head, side, back, limbs, joints and organs.
Rheumatism.—Those afflicted with this terrible disease will be sure of relief by the Life Medicines.
Rush of blood to the head, Scurvy, Salt-Rheum, Swellings.
Scrofula, or King's Evil, in its worst forms, Ulcers of every description.
Worms of all kinds are effectually expelled by these medicines. Parents will do well to administer them whenever their existence is suspected. Relief will be certain.
The LIFE PILLS and PHŒNIX BITTERS purify the blood, and thus remove all diseases from the system.
Prepared by DR. WM. B. MOFFAT,
No. 335 Broadway, (Moffat Building) N. Y.
For sale by all Druggists.
July 2. 1y

D. MOTT'S CHALYBEATE RESTORATIVE PILLS & IRON

An aperient and Stomachic preparation of IRON purified of Oxygen and Carbon by combustion in Hydrogen. Sanctioned by the highest Medical Authorities, both in Europe and the U. States, and prescribed in their practice.
The experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of Iron can be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, depression of vital energy, pale and otherwise sickly complexions indicate its necessity in almost every conceivable case.
Innoxious in all maladies in which it has been tried, it has proved absolutely curative in each of the following complaints, viz:
In Debility, Nervous Affections, Emaciation, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Incipient Consumption, Scrofulous Tuberculosis, Salt Rheum, Mismenstruation, White-, Chlorosis, Liver Complaints, Chronic Headaches, Rheumatism, Intermittent Fevers, Pimples on the Face, &c.
In cases of General Debility, whether the result of acute disease, or of the continued diminution of nervous and muscular energy from chronic complaints, one trial of this restorative has proved successful to an extent which no description nor written attestation would render credible. Invalids so long bed-ridden as to have become forgotten in their own neighborhoods, have suddenly re-appeared in the busy world as if just returned from protracted travel in a distant land. Some very signal instances of this kind are attested of female Sufferers, emaciated victims of apparent marasmus, sanguineous exhaustion, critical changes, and that complication of nervous and dyspeptic aversion to air and exercise for which the physician has no name.
In Nervous Affections of all kinds, and for reasons familiar to medical men, the operation of this preparation of iron must necessarily be salutary, for, unlike the old oxides, it is vigorously tonic, without being exciting and overheating; and gently, regularly aperient, even in the most obstinate cases of costiveness without even a gastric purgative, or inflicting a disagreeable sensation.
It is this latter property, among others, which makes it so remarkably effectual and permanent a remedy for Piles, upon which it also appears to exert a distinct and specific action, by dispersing the local tendency which forms them.
In Dyspepsia, innumerable as are its causes, a single box of these Chalybeate Pills has often sufficed for the most habitual cases, including the attendant Costiveness.
In unchecked Diarrhœa, even when advanced to Dysentery, confirmed, emaciating, and apparently malignant, the effects have been equally decisive and astonishing.
In the local pains, loss of flesh and strength, debilitating cough, and remittent hectic, which generally indicate Incipient Consumption, this remedy has allayed the alarm of friends and physicians, in several very gratifying and interesting instances.
In Scrofulous Tuberculosis, this medicated iron has had far more than the good effect of the most cautiously balanced preparations of iodine, without any of their well known liabilities.
The attention of females cannot be too confidently invited to this remedy and restorative, in the cases peculiarly affecting them.
In Rheumatism, both chronic and inflammatory—in the latter, however, more decidedly—it has been invariably well reported, both as alleviating pain and reducing the swellings and stiffness of the joints and muscles.
In Intermittent Fevers it must necessarily be a great remedy and energetic restorative, and its progress in the new settlements of the West, will probably be one of high renown and usefulness.
No remedy has ever been discovered in the whole history of medicine, which exerts such prompt, happy, and fully restorative effects.—Good appetite, complete digestion, rapid acquisition of strength, with an unusual disposition for active and cheerful exercise, immediately follow its use.
Put up in neat flat metal boxes containing 50 pills, price 50 cents per box; for sale by druggists and dealers. Will be sent free to any address on receipt of the price. All letters, orders, &c., should be addressed to
R. B. LOCKE & Co., General Agents,
Oct. 10. 6m 20 Cedar St., N. Y.

BE it remembered that A. SCOTT & SON'S is the place to get pretty and cheap Goods.

Lindsey's Improved Blood Searcher,
A standard Medicine for the speedy, radical, and effectual cure of all Diseases arising from impurity of the Blood.
This medicine has wrought the most miraculous cures in desperate cases of

Scrofula,	Cancerous formations,
Cutaneous Diseases,	Erysipelas, Boils,
Pimples on the face,	Sore Eyes,
Old, Stubborn Ulcers,	Scald Head,
Tetter affections,	Rheumatic Disorders,
Dyspepsia,	Costiveness,
Jaundice,	Salt Rheum,
Mercurial Diseases,	General Debility,
Liver Complaint,	Loss of Appetite,
Low Spirits,	Foul Stomach,

Female Complaints, and all Diseases having their origin in an impure state of the Blood.

The above is a portrait of David McCreary, of Napier township, who, on the 31st day of August, 1858, made affidavit before Justice Gorley that he was treated for the cure of Cancer by three physicians of Bedford county, and by Dr. Newton of the Eclectic College in Cincinnati, for a period of nearly eight months, notwithstanding which, his LIP, NOSE, AND A PORTION OF HIS LEFT CHEEK WERE ENTIRELY EATEN AWAY! He had given up all hope, when he heard of the "Blood Searcher," and was induced to try it. Four Bottles cured him, and although sadly disfigured, there is no question but what this invaluable medicine saved his life. The full particulars of this remarkable case may be seen in a circular, which can be had of any of the Agents.
We also refer to the case of Nancy Bleakney, of Elderton, Armstrong county, Pa., cured of Scrofula after being unable to get out of bed for three years.
To the case of a lady in Ansonville, Clearfield county, who was also afflicted with Scrofula in its worst form.
To the case of George Meisel, residing in Carrolton, Cambria County, Pa., who was so badly afflicted with Cancer that it eat his entire nose off, and his case was worse, if possible, than Mr. McCreary's.
The particulars of these cases—every one of which was cured by the use of the Blood Searcher—may also be found in a circular to be had of any of the Agents.
R. M. LEMON, Proprietor.
Laboratory for the manufacture and sale, near the Pa Railroad Depot, Hollidaysburg, Pa.
Dr. Geo H. Keyser, Wholesale Agent, Pittsburg, Pa. For sale by D. A. Buehler, & S. S. Forney, Gettysburg; E. Huyshew, Petersburg; J. Miller, Littlestown; Paxton & McCreary, & Rinehart & Sullivan, Fairfield; John Roberts, Two Taverns; P. A. Myers, New Chester; Jacob Fulweiler, Mummasburg; Isaac Shank, Cashtown; H. L. Miller, East Berlin; J. A. Harper, Green Mount; Joseph Hafer, Abbottstown, and by Storekeepers generally.
Sept. 12. 1y

ROHRER'S
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ROHRER'S
Practical Calculator.
Practical Calculator.
Practical Calculator.
Practical Calculator.

Rohrer's Practical Calculator,
A Book of plain Rules and Calculations for Business Operators, by MARTIN M. ROHRER, Practical Surveyor and Conveyancer. New Edition. Published by J. B. LIPPINCOTT & Co. Philada.
THIS Work contains 204 pages, and upwards of 500 Rules and Examples, entirely and thoroughly PRACTICAL, such as arise every day in the common pursuits of Business. It has already passed through a number of Editions in rapid succession, and is pronounced by all classes of business men to be the HANDIEST BOOK OF REFERENCE, pertaining to calculations, that has ever been published.
Every Example in the book IS WORKED OUT IN FULL and stated in a plain manner, so that when a parallel case arises, those referring to the work will find no difficulty in readily solving it: in a word, the general arrangement of the CALCULATOR is so simple, that any one who knows how to ADD, SUBTRACT, MULTIPLY, or DIVIDE, can easily solve any ordinary example that arises in business, or arrive at the true result of any estimate required.
The chief aim of the author has been to eschew theory and philosophy in figures, aiming only at facts and simplicity, believing that business men care little about spending time in discussing the philosophy of rules, or the science of figures, deeming it sufficient for their purpose to be able AT A MOMENT, by reference, to arrive at the TRUE RESULT. The CALCULATOR differs in this respect from all Arithmetics of the day and kindred works—it is a key to practical business calculations—it is, in the hands of the business man, what the key to mathematical works is in the hands of the teacher in the school-room—IT FACILITATES TIME AND CORRECTNESS.
The Work treats of the Mensurement of Land, of Lumber, of Brick and Brick Work, of Stone & Stone Work, of Grain and Grain Bins, of Coal & Coal Bins, of Wood, of Solids, of Circular, Square, or Irregular Vessels, of Cisterns and Vats of Roofing, of Plasterers', Painters', Glaziers,' Pavers', Plumbers', Paper Hangers', and Upholsterers' Work. It treats of Currency and of Foreign and Domestic Exchange, of the Decimal System, of Reduction and its extended application to Business, of Simple and Compound Interest, and their entire application to Business transactions, with the laws and usages governing and regulating the same, together with numerous commercial Forms,—of Legal Tender, of Partial Payments on Notes, of Banking and Bank Discount, of Equation of Payments and of Partnership Accounts of Assessment of Taxes, of Weights and Measures, of Square and cubic Measure of the Square Root and its Application to Business, of Surface, of Excavation, and of many other important practical matters not within the scope of an advertisement to mention.
It is just the Book for the Farmer, the Mechanic, the Artisan, or the Professional man. It has proven a valuable auxiliary to the Lawyer, the Justice of the Peace, the Conveyancer, and Real Estate Broker, to the Assessor, the Banker, the clerk, to the civil Engineer and the Surveyor, to the Carpenter and Bricklayer, to the Stone Mason and the Plasterer, to the Paper Hanger and Upholsterer, to the Paver and the Tiler, &c. &c.; each and all will find it adapted to their various wants better than any book published.
☞ Mailed (post paid) to any part of the United States upon receipt of the money. Price of a single copy, in cloth, 60 cents, or two copies for $1.00. Bound in pocket-book form, Morocco, $1.00 per copy. Address,
M. M. ROHRER,
Box 1911, Philadelphia P. O., Pa.
Nov. 27.—6m

Howard Association,
PHILADELPHIA. A Benevolent Institution established by special Endowment, for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of Diseases of the Sexual Organs.
Medical Advice given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon, to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.,) and in cases of extreme poverty, Medicines furnished free of charge.
Valuable Reports on Spermatorrhœa, and other diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the New Remedies employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three stamps for postage will be acceptable.
Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. By order of the Directors. EZRA D. HEARTWELL